The Effect of Teams Games Tournament (TGT) Cooperative Learning Models On Students’ Learning Outcomes in Natural Sciences Learning in Elementary School

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Abstract—This research aims to find out the influence of Teams Games Tournament (TGT) method in students’ learning outcomes in Natural Sciences learning at Elementary School SDN 2 Meyambanga; this is formulated based on the problem statement of this study. Further, this study applied a quantitative approach with the experimental method and one group pretest-posttest design. The data were collected from learning outcomes test and documentation. As many as 25 students at grade V were involved as the research samples. The results show that the students’ average pre-test scores 66.20. In addition, their average post-test score is 79.90. Additionally, the result of t-test obtains t count > t table or 16.044 > 1.6843 at the significance level of 0.05. In brief, Teams Games Tournament (TGT) model does influence students’ learning outcomes in learning Natural Sciences.

Keywords—Learning, TGT, Achievement

I. INTRODUCTION

Learning is an activity carried out to initiate facilitation and to improve the quality of learning because learning is a systematic effort to improve the learning process. It is a series of activities designed by teachers to measure students’ abilities in learning at school.

In the whole process of education in schools, learning is the most important activity. Learning process leads the teacher to understand the basic abilities. Students’ low outcomes in learning are the center of attention of all elements related to education.

One of the causes of low outcomes is the lack of learning models applied by the teacher. By interviewing one of the teachers at Elementary School SDN 2 Meyambanga, the teacher is a homeroom teacher of grade V, so that it becomes a guide for conducting this research using a new model. Teaching methods can make students more comfortable they can be involved in the learning process.

In making efforts to maximize students’ learning outcomes, science practitioners have introduced and applied various models and approaches to teaching. However, the reality in the field reveals that learning that seems to be only an active teacher, while students are passive. For this reason, learning activities tend to be boring. Another fact is that teachers do not use various media and learning models that can attract students’ interest in learning. The result indicates that students are less interested in the learning process, which is ultimately impactful on the learning process and outcomes. One way to overcome this problem is by using the Teams Games Tournament (TGT) cooperative learning model.

A teacher must be able to use a learning model that can stimulate students in learning. This study takes the Teams Games Tournament (TGT) learning model as one way to make students better to understand the learning material presented. It is able to create human resources quality.

Based on the background of the study, the formulation of the problem is: How is the Effect of Cooperative Teams Games Tournament (TGT) Learning Model on Students’ Learning Outcomes in Natural Science Learning in Elementary School?

II. METHOD

This study was conducted at Elementary SDN 2 Meyambanga, Bolaang Mongondow Selatan Regency for seven days using a quantitative approach with the experimental method and one group pretest-posttest design. The purpose of this study is to provide an overview of the influence of learning models and use. The research design used in this study was pretest-posttest design. It employed a purposive sampling technique. Moreover, there were 25 students involved as the research population. The data were collected from observation, test, and documentation.

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

The results of the final score prior to the treatment model.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Students’ Name Initial</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Abdul Manaf Botutirhe</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Adrian Moilomo</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Farel Husain</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>FahrilR.Borahima</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Ishak Saman</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Romi Ali</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Zulkarnain Tangalu</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Yudian Saman</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Satrio Mukan</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Fatra Sanpi</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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This initial score is presented in the following figure:

![Initial Score](chart.png)

**Description:**

**Nilai Awal: Initial Score**

The data collection was carried out in two meetings; the first meeting was a pre-test. This test was conducted to determine the students’ score before given a treatment. The next step is to give the treatment in Natural Sciences learning with Respiratory Process learning material. After finishing the treatment, a final test (post-test) is provided. The initial test (pre-test) and the final test (post-test) are using different test questions, with a maximum score of 83. The results of the hypothesis testing indicate that H0 is rejected with a level of 0.05. TGT is a learning model designed in such a way to help students understand in-depth theory through practical learning experiences (Experiments). Teams Games Tournament Learning model leads students to compete in order to achieve the highest score academically, build togetherness in the learning process, and involves all learners in the learning process. Moreover, by comparing the initial knowledge they already have to the new knowledge they get, students are able to apply the concepts that they have gained to solve problems in everyday life. Based on the above description, there are differences in the results of the average score of both tests. The average score shows that the treatment of the TGT learning model is applied to find out the effect on students’ learning outcomes after being given a post-test. It does affect students’ learning outcomes before and after given a treatment. Thus, it is proven that the TGT learning model influences students’ learning outcomes in Natural Sciences learning.

**IV. CONCLUSIONS**

Teams Games Tournament learning model in Respiratory Process learning material significantly influences students’ learning outcomes. The results can be seen from the average pre-test score of 66.20. After applying the TGT learning model, the post-test average score becomes 79.90. This is strengthened by the results of the hypothesis testing with the post-test t-test at the level of a = 0.05 which arrives at t-count 16.004 with t table 1.684. Therefore, TGT model does influence students’ learning outcomes in learning Respiratory Process material.

Several suggestions are provided as an improvement in the future. The teachers of Natural Sciences subject are expected to be able to apply Teams Games Tournament learning model in the learning process at school.

1. There needs to be a further development designed according to the Teams Games Tournament learning model.
model. This is intended to improve the quality of the material that will lead to more optimal teaching and learning activities.

2. To be able to improve teachers’ ability in employing the Teams Games Tournament learning model, they should be able to optimize the meeting time, so that the learning quality will be enhanced, and it will have a good impact on students’ learning outcomes.

3. The results of this study may be a reference for teacher candidates to conduct subsequent studies.

REFERENCES


