Assessment Instruments Development of Islamic Values in Experiment with Natural Pectin as a Corrosion Inhibitor

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Abstract—Experimental activities should be complemented by an assessment instrument that requires learners in addition to scientific thinking can also develop values. This study aims to develop an assessment instrument of Islamic values on the experimental use of pectin from lemon peel as a corrosion inhibitor. The research method used is Research and Development (R&D) which consists of define, design, develop and disseminate. The research instrument used includes questions of values related to corrosion and its prevention processes linked to the Zulkarnain story listed in the Al-Koran of Surat al-Kahf. The results of this study are in the form of an assessment instrument of feasible Islamic values and can be used in corrosion experiments.

Keywords—assessment; islamic values; pectin; corrosion inhibitor.

I. INTRODUCTION

In the present era, the idea of integrative science resonates in various concepts, such as the Islamization of science, the sanctification of the Qur'an, and the objectification of the teachings of Islam. The whole concept is actually want of Islamic science is not just a medium of propaganda but in return to purity as a system of science that has the function of transformative and responsive to modern issues in line with the demands of society. To face these demands required Integration. Internalization, of Islamic Science known as 3I. 3I in the realm of science there are three models, namely: 1) integration model in the curriculum package; 2) the naming model of the course showing the relationship between two general and Islamic disciplines; 3) model of integration in the subject themes [1].

Integration and internalization of science is a must because according to [2], a superior civilization is built by all elements of the nation that has a strong character, positive, and resilient. In fact, education has put forward a lot of cognitive aspects, such as giving many tasks without touching tasks that can develop character values. The facts of the world of education and other social phenomena that arise among learners are the occurrence of student fights, drugs, free sex and cheating in various types of examinations. Even the thing that recently happened was the invitation of bikini bikini after UN 2015 SMA / equal. In addition to the cases of high school / equivalent students, based on research that has been done to the students Luthfiyah chemical education, there are characters of students who are less good during the learning process, such as dishonesty during practicum by falsifying observation data [3]. Some of the cases that have been mentioned are a matter of education that must be overcome, because the character of a strong nation, competitive and noble character is the ideals of national development.

The Quran contains the core ethical values that are described to be some of the value of the behavioral source. The value is the value of faith, honesty, responsibility, caring, discipline, courage and citizenship. The process of internalizing these core ethical values must be done through teaching, modeling, motivation, habituation and enforcement of rules to produce character behaviors in learners [2].

In relation to the process of internalizing character values on each subject, [4] states that the chemistry lessons contain the value of order that leads to God's glorification. If the chemical phenomenon is dug deeper and accompanied by the Quranic verses that explain it, it will get the values of Islam that can be used as the foundation of the development of the character of learners in learning.

One of the chemical concepts related to everyday life and contained in the Quran is the concept of electrochemistry and redox reactions. The Quran explains that Zulkarnain built a strong iron fort by means of coating iron with copper. Because of Zulkarnain's electrochemical principle, the destroyers of Yakujuj Makjuj could not destroy the built iron fortress. This can be an analogy that in order to avoid the destruction of the
character of the nation's children, protection or prevention is
needed, one of them by instilling and reinforcing Islamic values.
The story in the Quran is something that can be integrated into
chemistry subjects to internalize the value of characters in
learning.

On the other hand, the concept of electrochemistry is a
concept that requires the provision of a direct learning
experience. Appropriate learning approach to support the
process is experiment. The experimental method is a way of
teaching, where the student performs an experiment on
something, observes the process and writes the results of the
experiment, then the results of the observation are submitted to
the class and evaluated by the teacher [5].

Previous research that incorporated character values into
chemistry subjects was [6] who examined the "Value-based
Chemistry Learning Design on the Topics of Chemical Laws".
Similar research has also been conducted on different material
contexts, including research on chemical bonding, chemical role
in life and nature of the periodicity of the elements. The results
of some of these studies show that learning outcomes using a
scientific approach and incorporating integrated chemical
content content with value is good and is recommended for
further development. There has been research on the
internalization of Islamic values through a scientific approach to
electrochemical learning without experimenting [7].
Furthermore, there has been developed an inquiry-based
Worksheet in the experimental pectin utilization of lemon skin
waste as a corrosion inhibitor.

The difference of this research is to develop Islamic values
that come from the story in Quran, through experimental activity
on the utilization of lemon skin pectin waste as corrosion
inhibitor. In addition to the Worksheet for the experimental
activities of the previous research also made a questionnaire to
explore the attitudes of the Islamic student values. The Islamic
values that are expected to arise from students in the learning
process are honesty, fairness, beneficial to others, humble,
efficient work, vision for the future, high discipline and balance
[8].

Implementation of corrosion learning by using the media in
the form of worksheets can help students can interconnect with
quran as the basis for the development of Islamic values [9] [7].
During this time corrosion learning has not touched up to
develop Islamic values. Learning resources are just a reference
book that sometimes students are lazy to read it. The
implementation of corrosion-related learning has been
implemented without touching the development of Islamic
values.

The use of worksheets can be combined with an attitude
assessment so that students are active in answering questions
about the experiment and at the same time measuring Islamic
values. The statement of Islamic values is associated with
corrosion events contained in the Qur'an as contained in the story
of Zulkarnain in Surah Al-Kahfi's of quran. Through this
research will be developed an appropriate assessment of Islamic
values and can be used in natural pectin experiments as
corrosion inhibitors.

II. METHODOLOGY

The method used in this research is the method of research
and development (R&D). R&D method is a research method
used to produce a specific product and test the effectiveness of
the product [10]. Stages of this method are known as 4D,

The subjects of the research are expert lecturers as product
testers of questionnaire format of Islamic values attitudes made,
and chemical education students who have taken the subject of
Chemistry 2 as many as 42 people for the limited test.

The research instrument used in this study is a questionnaire
aimed at validity and feasibility test on the product made.

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

After collecting the data then obtained the results of research
in the form of validation results of materials, construction and
language / cultural aspects of the lecturers as much as 3
people and empirical validation of the test instrument to 42
respondents of students.
A. Expert Validation Results

Validation is done on the material, construction and
language / cultural aspects with the details of the aspect as Table I.
Validation is done by three experts namely construction and
language experts, character education specialists and chemistry
education experts with the following results.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aspect</th>
<th>Rating Result</th>
<th>Average</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Material</td>
<td>88.3</td>
<td>84.4</td>
<td>84.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction</td>
<td>89.2</td>
<td>87.5</td>
<td>86.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language / Cultural</td>
<td>88.9</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>88.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Based on the result of validation of the content of Islamic
value assessment sheet to the material expert, konstrukski,
language / culture shows the result in the range 80-89. It shows
that the instruments developed and mastered by the experts show
the results in a decent category [12]. It means that the instrument
of attitude is ready for use by students to measure the attitudes
of Islamic values contained in the Quran Surah al-Kahf verses
83-98.

B. Instrument Validation Proceeds

An experimental test was conducted in order to know the
empirical validity of each item of statement contained in the
questionnaire instrument of Islamic values. The process is done
by distributing questionnaires to 42 respondents who are
students of chemistry education semester 3 class B who have
obtained electrochemical materials and redox reactions in basic
chemistry courses. The points of the statement of the
questionnaire of Islamic values are divided into 12 statements
consisting of several dimensions of Islam: honesty, fairness,
usefulness to others, humble, efficient work, vision for the
future, high discipline and balance described in some 10
indicators in accordance with Islamic dimensions and material about corrosion.

After obtained the test results then analyzed by using statistics to determine the validity of each item by calculating the product moment correlation value [13]. Then from the correlation value is compared with the critical \( r \) that is 0.3. Minimum requirement to be eligible (valid) if \( r \geq 0.3 \) or more; and when \( r < 0.3 \) the item is not eligible (invalid) as it is involved in Table II.

**TABLE II.  VALIDATION TEST RESULTS OF THE INSTRUMENT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>( r_{cont} )</th>
<th>Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.42</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.55</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.46</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.06</td>
<td>invalid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>0.46</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>0.34</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>0.69</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>0.60</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>0.56</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>0.40</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.48</td>
<td>valid</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Based on the results of empirical validation of the Islamic value assessment sheet to students through field trial. Then the data obtained from 12 statements of attitudes that developed there 1 item of invalid statements meet the criteria of product moment correlation [13]. Furthermore, the results obtained as many as 11 questions that are used as the instrument of the value of the data on the taking of the data in this research.

**C. Instrument Reliability Results**

Based on the product moment correlation equation, we can get the correlation on the instrument of attitude of the Islamic values, as shown in Table III.

**TABLE III. INSTRUMENT RELIABILITY TEST RESULTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>( r_u )</th>
<th>Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The attitude of Islamic values</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>Reliably medium category</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to testing the validity of instruments attitude of Islamic values, also tested the reliability to know the consistency of the instrument when used as a tool of data pengumpuan for different subjects. Berdasarkan reliability analysis results obtained by reliability value using Spearman Brown formula of 0.6 which means that the reliability of the instrument in the category of medium [10].

**D. Discussion**

In the process of taking this research data is done on different respondents with at the time of trial. The subjects of this study amounted to 40 students of chemical education semester 3 class A. Distribution of questionnaires attitudes of Islamic values can be seen in Table IV.

**TABLE IV. RESULT QUESTIONNAIRE ATTITUDE OF ISLAMIC VALUES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Underground oil channel builders should select the pipeline material at the lowest possible cost in order to minimize costs.</td>
<td>SS 27 S T S 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Corrosion is a natural phenomenon that involves the electrochemical process and is a manifestation of the greatness and power of God.</td>
<td>30 10 0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>As the times progressed, scientific and technological sciences developed to solve various problems in various fields. This shows only the greatness of man in mastering various disciplines.</td>
<td>20 17 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>One of the corrosion inhibitors can be made from lemon lemon waste material. This shows the greatness of God.</td>
<td>29 10 0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>As a matter of concern for the environment, iron fences should be painted periodically to avoid the formation of rust that can endanger health.</td>
<td>11 28 0 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>The construction of petroleum pipelines should consider the impacts that may arise in the event of a leak, so a precaution should be taken, although additional costs may be required.</td>
<td>28 11 1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>The Qur'an is the holy book of the Islamic ummah in which it contains only the arguments relating to human life but is less relevant to modern science.</td>
<td>27 11 2 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Iron is a strong material but it can turn to rust. Neither with humans, as strong and powerful as any will age. Therefore before we grow old we should feel great.</td>
<td>25 13 0 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Zulkarnain protects the weak from the raids and forces by exploiting the intelligence he possesses. Today we can harness the power and intelligence we have to gain power in the defense of the weak.</td>
<td>9 30 1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Yakjuj and Makjuj as physical and moral destroyers in modern times is more powerful than the Zulkarnain era. Therefore we constantly increase faith and piety to God.</td>
<td>33 6 1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>The skin of fruits as waste can be processed as pectin to prevent corrosion. This is proof that God is affectionate.</td>
<td>23 17 0 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In more detail the distribution of the response result of the attitude of the students’ Islamic values in the SS category = strongly agree, S = agree, T S = disagree and ST S = strongly disagree.

At the statement 1st, student asked his opinion to determine the decision in the builder of the underground oil channel should be selected pipe material with the lowest cost possible in order to minimize the cost. as many as 32 students responded
In the 6th statement students are expected to be able to think forward / visionary in everyday life. Ha emerged with a statement of positive attitudes as many as 39 students of them supported to use quality materials to prevent pipeline leakage although expensive. This is in line with Tiwan's research results to prioritize the selection of appropriate materials [14].

The result of the attitude of the students that is expected to appear in the 7th statement is honesty to acknowledge that the Qur'an is the holy book of the Islamic ummah in which it is relevant to the human life of both science and technology of the future. As a great student, we do not yet understand that the content of the quran is closely related to modern science with as many as 38 students expressing positive attitudes toward the process. Yet as written in the study of "The role of science in the knowledge of God" that the search for Muslim scientists against natural phenomena due to the fact that they consider this science problem is one of the best ways to get closer to God. They are convinced that by studying God's signatures in this realm, one will be able to expose the interconnectedness of all parts of the universe and the unity hidden behind this diverse world, which in turn will guide the Creator [19].

From the 8th statement, students are expected to have a humble attitude that is reflected in every behavior. But most of the students as much as 38 people still feel great because given the advantages, whereas with the existing advantages we should to take advantage of the good and be humble [19]. As Mawardi reveals that human beings are permitted to exploit the potential available to survive and to continue their lives and for the common good, it should not be excessive, harmful to others and corrupt on the face of the earth [17].

The 9th statement contains the content of al-Kaht's letter about the story of Zulkarnain who has the power and strength to protect the weak. From the results of the assessment, 39 students stated positive, which means that they will apply the attitude of justice with the advantages and positions that they have for the common good [17].

Based on the 10th statement, students as many as 39 people are very supportive to high discipline in improving faith in God, as a provision to face the modern era and social decadence morale [20]. This is in line with the study of the relationship between religiosity and morality in adolescents in Madrasah Aliyah that the relationship is very significant between the two [21].

In the 11th statement, the expected attitudes arising from the students are efficient by utilizing the lemon waste skin as a corrosion inhibitor. A total of 40 students are supportive towards it. This is in line with the word of God in Surah Abasa verses 24-32 that Allah created these plants is for the benefit of humans and other living beings, of course, to be used in order to be useful for the needs of his life [22].

Furthermore, to see the percentage of respondents' responses to statements of Islamic values can be categorized into positive responses and negative responses. Positive response if students choose SS and S, while a negative response when choosing TS and STS. The distribution of Islamic values emerging from students after learning can be seen in Table V.
TABLE V. OUTCOME OF ISLAMIC VALUES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Islamic Values</th>
<th>Respon (%)</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Work efficiently</td>
<td>55.0</td>
<td>Less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Harmony</td>
<td>93.8</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Discipline</td>
<td>40.0</td>
<td>Less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Fairness</td>
<td>91.3</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Fairness</td>
<td>80.6</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Visionary</td>
<td>91.9</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Honesty</td>
<td>34.4</td>
<td>Less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Humble</td>
<td>36.9</td>
<td>Less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Fairness</td>
<td>80.0</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Discipline</td>
<td>95.0</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Efficient</td>
<td>89.4</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In more detail the disclosure of the values of Islamic student values is shown in table V. Negative statements are represented by numbers 1, 3, 7 and 8 while positive positions are represented by numbers 2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10 and 11. Criteria for attitudes according to the percentage value of student response (25-50) means less, (51-75) is sufficient and (76-100) is good [13].

Based on table V shows that chemical education students semester 3 class B has had the attitude of Islamic values in the good category for attitudes in statements 2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10 and 11 while the less category for attitudes in statements 1, 3, 7 and 8 of the Qur’anic content of the letter of al-Kahf ayati 83-98 on the story of Zulkarnain confront the Yakujuj-Makjuj applied in the event of corrosion of iron in daily life.

IV. CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the discussion can be drawn keismpulan of this research are (1) The result of instrument validation based on Islamic values on the experiment of pectin of lemon skin waste as corrosion inhibitor according to the expert in material, construct and language aspects is valid and feasible, and (2) The result of the test of the instrument based on Islamic values on the experiment of pectin of lemon skin waste as corrosion inhibitor shows the Islamic values in very good category.

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