

Design and Simulation of CAD / CAM Embossing Process for Aluminum Alloy Thin- Wall Parts

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Abstract. This electronic document is a “live” template. The various components of your paper [title, text, heads, etc.] are already defined on the style sheet, as illustrated by the portions given in this document. DO NOT USE SPECIAL CHARACTERS, SYMBOLS, OR MATH IN YOUR TITLE OR ABSTRACT. In this paper, CAD \ CAM technology applications in the engraving industry related research and analysis, CAXA software platform on aluminum alloy thin-walled parts made engraving applied research, Completed the process of design and processing, CNC machining tool selection and processing post-processing, Automatic generation of program, transfer to processing on CNC milling machine, and get a better CNC engraving effect. Carving processing enterprises provide an important reference.

Introduction

Industrial design is a creative activity, is the combination of science and art, which in the modern mode of production-based, relying on science and technology, the whole of creation reflects the visual representation of industrial products and a unified physical reproduction, along with industrial design development theory and practice, as well as science and technology widely used in the field of industrial design, industrial design make the techniques, methods has been greatly improved and updated, development and application of industrial design approach is hand-carved and machining combined with computer-aided manufacturing technology continues to mature, fully utilizing computer technology to complete relief engraving on CNC machine tool technology, not only can greatly improve production efficiency, and can significantly reduce costs and shorten the production cycle, to meet the needs of different industries, and has broad market prospects.

CAD / CAM technology is based on computer and peripheral equipment and software-based technology, which comprises: Graphic graphic design, three-dimensional graphic modeling of design, analysis and optimization of the design of finite element, CNC programming, machining simulation and related parts and other products of data and management. Workers will be programmed computer applications in a whole new way of graphic design. CAD / CAM technology is fully converted before using only hand drawings and shop drawings as required to carry out the production and processing of system management approach, in which the most significant relief design applied to the image, the image embossed surface pattern shapes are often very complicated, there is no geometry, details more rules, the traditional manual processing is difficult to achieve, now the application of the results from the domestic point of view, mainly based on grayscale relief image.[1]

Basic Concepts of CAD/CAM

Technology for Computer Aided Design

CAD - computer aided design is refers to the engineering personnel in the human-computer interaction system through the aid of computer, use their knowledge of experience, complete the products including plan, design, analysis, graphics editing and sorting of technical documents and so

on a series of design, and can improve product quality, shorten the product development cycle and reduce the cost.

CAD is the process of creating, analyzing and modifying the product in the context of the computer.

The Technology of Computer Aided Engineering

CAE - computer aided engineering analysis refers to the application of computer to realize the design of the product, and the design of the product research and analysis on the function and performance, and on the design of the product's overall analysis and assessment, etc.

The Technique of Computer Aided Process Planning

CAPP - computer aided process design is to point to in the human-computer interaction system, according to the results of the design of the product, the information given to product processing method and the optimization of production process. CAPP system features include: product design, processing method of blank choice, process route process development, process design and selection of cutting parameter, the distribution of the machining allowance and rating calculation of processing time, etc. These provide very reliable and useful data for the management of scientific management.[2]

Computer Aided Manufacturing Technology

CAM - computer aided manufacturing, has yet to have a unified definition. In general, CAM refers to a general term for the application of a computer in the field of manufacturing and assembly. There are only two different definitions of CAM and CAM in the narrow sense.



Figure 1. Finite Mechanical Product Production Process and CAD/CAM Relation

System of CAD/CAM Technology

The hardware environment of CAD/CAM technology system.

Computers and the peripherals that are commonly used. Graphic input and output devices.

The environment of CAD/CAM technology system software[3]

The System Software

Refers to the system software can be directly associated with computer hardware software, is the main operating system and its compilation system, such as the lining of the whole, it is located in the software for the management of the whole of the computer, system control, system operation and maintenance, etc.

Support software

Support software is usually in order to be able to meet the same requirements for certain users in CAD research and development of a general software, by using the support software can more efficiently to high-quality low-cost to set up and use of professional CAD software. Support of CAD software including: graphic processing software, the analysis and calculation of engineering software, simulation software, database management system, computer network engineering software and CNC programming software, and so on.[4]

Application software

Application software is built on the basis of the system software and support software, thus for a particular application fields and development of a professional software.

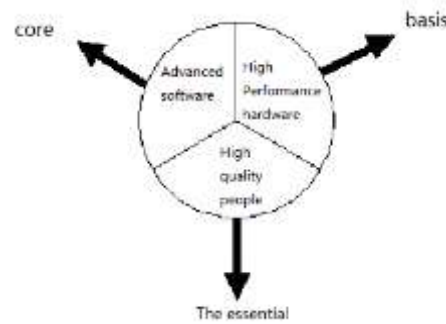


Figure 2. Finite CAD/CAM technology composition structure diagram

CAXA Engraving Software Technology

CNC engraving technology is developed on the basis of computer-aided technology, computer-aided processing technology, computer numerical control technology, high-speed milling technology and laser technology and other related technologies over an engraving technique. Fig 3 shows several different stages of development experience carving technique, which inherits the lightweight fine engraving technology, comfortable and flexible processing advantages, while taking advantage of the traditional processing technology to automatically generate and put them in a perfect combination together, become a leader in the traditional carving techniques of carving a new processing technology, today's most advanced engraving configuration, but also led the most advanced engraving techniques.

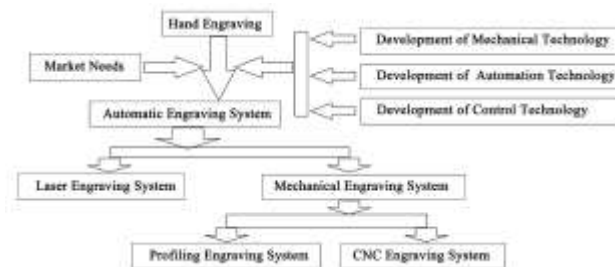


Figure 3. Finite Phase engraving technology experience

CNC Engraving Technology Based on CAXA Software

Mainly for CAD/CAM software CAXA manufacturing engineer 2011 CNC engraving programming process conducted in-depth applied research. Completed the process of design, CNC machining tool selection and processing post-processing, Analysis of the operating personnel in CNC machining technology, CNC machining tool selection, CNC tool trajectory generation, processing and post-processing to ensure accuracy and so provide an important reference.

Picture Selection and Insertion. Select the relief image to be processed, the format BMP format as shown:



Figure 4. Finite CAXA manufacturing engineer in the relief pattern inserted

Choose Material. Choice of alloy material processing thin-walled parts, the CNC milling machining relief. Aluminum materials no crust, process better. Select the blank, establish the workpiece coordinate system as shown:

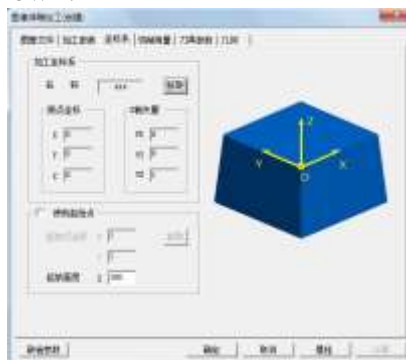


Figure 5. Finite Establish the workpiece coordinate system

Select the Cutting Parameters. Image processing relief of cutting parameters and tool selection as shown:

Because parts of the blank choice is aluminum, so the processing performance of its cutting, the use of the processing machines used CNC milling machine, taking into account the actual use of CNC milling machines and machining performance characteristics, the knife back to eat the maximum amount of value is 0.6mm, eat the amount of cutting back the selected MID is 0.2mm, select finishing finishing allowance is 0.01mm. Top height of 0 mm, processing spacing 0.25mm, processing layers is 3, the minimum torque step 0.2, the height of the highest type of white, smooth frequency is 0, the origin located in the center of the picture, the safe height 50mm, slow retraction height 15mm, take the knife to a reciprocating manner.[5]



Figure 6. Finite Select carving cutting parameters

Cutting Tool Selection. In actual production, machining of a part can not use a knife only, so you must create the tool according to the machining.

CAXA manufacturing engineer currently offers three cutters: ball cutter ($r = R$), R knife ($r < R$), end knife ($r = R$) where R is the radius of the tool, r is the radius of the knife angle, as well as tool parameters shank length L and the cutting edge length l . Tool parameters are as follows: [6]

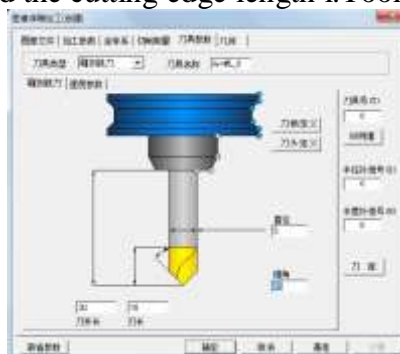


Figure 7. Finite Tool parameters

Image Engraving Trajectory Generation. CAXA manufacturing engineer grayscale image engraving is determined by the main image, in the process only through rational selection process of rational design and tools in order to generate a relatively perfect machining trajectory. Command generated by the image engraving tool path as shown: [7]

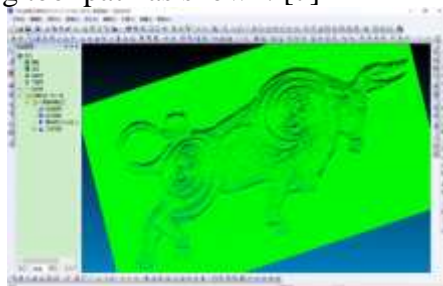


Figure 8. Finite Image carving tracks

Post Processing. Rear set is for a particular machine, combined machine configuration already set on the rear output NC program format, such as the program line number, program size, data format, programming, arc control mode can be set. [7]



Figure 9. Finite After the image configuration settings

CAXA Manufacturing Engineers Simulate Machining and Program Generation. G code is generated according to the current machine type configuration requirements, the already generated toolpath conversion generate G-code data file that the CNC program, with the NC program can be directly input NC machine tools. [8]

CAXA manufacturing engineer simulation capabilities intuitive and precise workpiece for machining process simulation and automatic code generation. In the simulation process can be arbitrary scaling and rotation, to facilitate observation of the details of the process; simulation speed can also be adjusted; the results can process multiple paths simultaneously appearing; in the machining process simulation can be achieved machining tool shank interference, without cutting the interference situation retraction process (G00) of the machining tool interference and make the appropriate checks; you can cut the shape theory and simulation results are compared with each other and other parts. [9]

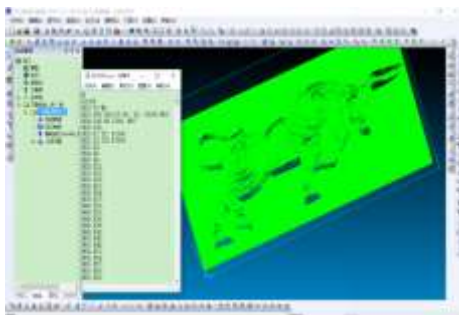


Figure 10. Finite Simulation and code generation process

Through analysis of the main factors affecting the choice of cutting tools and machining tool selection principle should be considered, so that you can choose the correct sound processing tool. This helps: reduce the program's debugging time, work to reduce the time it takes to machine tools, shorten production cycle; can reduce the number and manual clamping tool changes brought about by human error and improve the accuracy of processing, improve the processing accuracy and the ability of machining complex workpieces; after machining simulation and interference checking tools can be programmed so that a successful, greatly reducing the time and try to adjust the machine cutting time and increase the relative utilization of manufacturing resources. The resulting program transmission via data cable or IF card to CNC milling machines, cycle start, for online processing, and processing the ideal parts.[10]

Conclusion

In this paper, we focus on the key technology of CAD / CAM software in relief CAD, and aim at the automatic programming function of the engraving method of engraving and processing. Some of the technical problems in the machining of programming are realized, And carried out the relevant processing verification.

In this paper, the capability of embossing processing, tool selection, the generation of machining trajectory and the generation of numerical control code are illustrated by examples. Completed the design of the processing technology, the choice of CNC machining tools and processing in the post-processing process, and get the ideal NC processing effect. This provides an important reference for the operator in the analysis of CNC machining technology, the choice of NC machining tool, the generation of NC tool, the post processing in machining and the guarantee of machining precision.

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