Dynamic Characteristics Analysis of H-Type Leg Hydraulic System of Truck mounted Concrete Pump

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Abstract. The leg hydraulic system of truck mounted concrete pump plays an important role in pumping process, and it is necessary to analysis the dynamic characteristics of leg hydraulic system of truck mounted concrete pump. According to the working principle of H-type leg hydraulic system of truck mounted concrete pump, the simulation model of H-type leg hydraulic system is established based on AMESim, and the dynamic characteristics of H-type leg hydraulic system is analyzed. The research result provides some reference for design and improvement of H-type leg hydraulic system of truck mounted concrete pump.

Introduction

Truck mounted concrete pump is a kind of construction machinery by installing concrete pump on the chassis, and combines delivering process and pouring process together. By using truck mounted concrete pump can save time, reduce worker’s labor intensity, decrease the consumption of remix concrete, and guarantee the quality of construction. Recently, more and more truck mounted concrete pumps have been widely used in some infrastructure construction engineering, i.e., pipe transport, energy industry, civil building, et al\cite{1}. As an important unit for ensuring the safety and stability of truck mounted concrete pump, H-type leg hydraulic system plays an essential role, and its dynamic characteristics will decide whether a truck mounted concrete pump can work efficiently. Therefore, carrying out the dynamic characteristics analysis of H-type leg hydraulic system is very meaningful.

Zhang Yanwei et al. \cite{2} illustrated the calculation method and formula of leg counter force. Kang Huimei \cite{3} gave calculation method for leg counter force and lift displacement. Tang Yongzhi et al. \cite{4} introduced the design procedure of front legs bear range. Chen Guoan et al. \cite{5} put forward the calculation method for solving the max possible leg counter force. AMESim is an efficient tool for modeling and simulation in some fields including mechanical, pneumatic, magnetic, hydraulic, control, etc. \cite{6}, and has been widely used in so many fields such as renewable energy, hydraulic system, hybrid power system, et al.

This paper established the simulation model of the H-type leg hydraulic system of a truck mounted concrete pump based on AMESim according to its working principle, and analyzed its dynamic characteristics.
Working principle of H-type leg hydraulic system

As shown in Fig. 1, H-type leg is known for the chassis and 4 legs of truck mounted concrete pump will become the shape of H after 4 legs are extended, and each leg has one vertical extend/contract cylinder and one horizontal extend/contract cylinder, so the H-type leg hydraulic system of truck mounted concrete pump need 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders and 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders. In order to ensure 4 legs have enough extending length, two front legs and two rear legs are staggered on the left and right sides. As shown in Fig. 2, The H-type leg hydraulic system mainly consists of engine, pump, pressure relief valve, bi-directional hydraulic lock, 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders and 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders. The leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders (1-4) are used for controlling the legs’ extend/contract in horizontal direction, and the leg vertical extend/contract cylinders (5-8) are used for controlling the legs’ extend/contract in vertical direction. When the rods of the leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders (1-4) extend to a certain position, the shape made from the chassis and 4 legs is H, then under the action of the leg vertical extend/contract cylinders (5-8) all tires of a truck mounted concrete pump are lifted and leave the ground so as to guarantee it has adequate safety and stability.

AMESim model of H-type leg hydraulic system

In modeling environment AMESim, by selecting appropriate model of pump, valve, hydraulic lock and cylinder, etc., the AMESim model of H-type leg hydraulic system is established, as shown in Fig. 3.
Results and analysis

The simulation parameters for H-type leg hydraulic system are as follows: For a certain truck mounted concrete pump, weight is 48000kg, transverse span of left and right legs are 7800mm and 9200mm respectively, and transverse span of front and rear legs is 7600mm. The rotational speeds of engine and pump are both 1450 rev/min, and the displacement of pump is 75cc/rev, the setting pressure of pressure relief valve is 250bar, the open pressure and control pressure of bi-directional hydraulic locks is 0.5bar and 20bar respectively. The mass of each front leg and rear leg are 950kg. The cylinder diameter, rod diameter and stroke of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders is 160mm, 1190mm and 3800mm respectively The cylinder diameter, rod diameter and stroke of 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders is 180mm, 125mm and 800mm respectively. The simulation results are shown in Fig. 4-Fig. 9.

As shown in Fig. 4, during the extending process of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders, 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders extend simultaneously to their expected displacement 3.8m using 168.71s, then remain 3.8m under the effect of hydraulic locks for 206.4s. During the contracting process of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders, 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders contract simultaneously from 3.8m to 0m using 88.97s. As shown in Fig. 5, during the extending process of 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders, 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders extend to their expected displacement 0.8m using 22.5s, but the right leg vertical extend/contract...
cylinders extend from 175s while the left leg vertical extend/contract cylinders extend from 199.5s, which means that the right leg vertical extend/contract cylinders extend earlier than the left leg vertical extend/contract cylinders for 24.5s. During the contracting process of 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders from 325.06s, 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders contract simultaneously from 0.8m to 0m using 23.3s.

Fig. 6 Velocity of leg horizontal cylinders
As shown in Fig. 6, during the extending process of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders, the velocity of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders is 0.0225m/s and last 168.71s, then turns to 0m/s for 206.4s. During the contracting process of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders, the velocity of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders is 0.0427m/s and last 88.97s. As shown in Fig. 7, during the extending process of 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders, the velocity of the right leg vertical extend/contract cylinders turns from 0m/s to 0.0355m/s at the time of 175s, then turns to 0m/s at the time of 197.5s, while the velocity of the left leg vertical extend/contract cylinders turns from 0m/s to 0.0355m/s at the time of 199.5s, then turns to 0m/s at the time of 220s. During the contracting process of 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders from 325.06s, the velocity of 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders is 0.0343m/s and last 23.3s.

Fig. 7 Velocity of leg vertical cylinders

As shown in Fig. 8, during the extending process of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders, the pressure of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders is 1.14bar and last 168.71s, then turns to 250bar for 206.4s. During the contracting process of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders, the pressure in rodless chambers of 4 leg horizontal extend/contract cylinders is 4.31bar and last 88.97s. As shown in Fig. 9, during the extending process of 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders, the pressure of the right and left leg vertical extend/contract cylinders turns from 0bar to 22.7bar and 74.3bar respectively at the time of 175s. After 22.5s the pressure of the right and left leg vertical
extend/contract cylinders turns to 95.65bar and 77.22bar using 22.5s, then turns to 250bar for 105.06s. During the contracting process of 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders, the pressure of 4 leg vertical extend/contract cylinders is 18.89bar using 23.3s.

Conclusion

According to the working principle of concrete pump H-type leg hydraulic system, the simulation model of concrete pump H-type leg hydraulic system is established based on AMESim, and the dynamic characteristics of concrete pump H-type leg hydraulic system is analyzed. The research result provides some reference for design and improvement of concrete pump H-type leg hydraulic system.

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