The Influence Factors Research of Music Therapy and Information Technology in High Blood Pressure Patients’ Bad Emotions and Cognition

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Abstract. This paper’s objective is to study the influence of music therapy and information technology on bad feelings and cognition of high blood pressure patients. The method adopted is to make a retrospective analysis of 100 cases medical records of patients with high blood pressure admitted in a hospital. Apply routine nursing care to control group patients with high blood pressure, while apply music therapy and information technology to observation group of patients with high blood pressure. Compare bad emotions and cognitive ability of the patients with high blood pressure in two groups. The results are (1) patients’ anxiety and depression score in observation group, compared to those of control group, are significantly lower. P < 0.05, which means it has statistical significance; (2) patients’ mild cognitive impairment in observation group gradually increases from 20% before treatment to 60%. Patients’ mild cognitive impairment in control group rises from 20% before treatment to 32%. The cognitive situation improvement of high blood pressure patients in observation group, compared to that of control group, is significantly better. P < 0.05. It means that there is statistical significance. (3) from the blood pressure assess result comparison of two groups’ patients with high blood pressure before treatment, P > 0.05. There is no statistical significance. After treatment, blood pressure assess result comparison shows that observer group is better. P < 0.05. It means that there is statistical significance. It is safe to conclude that the application of music therapy and information technology management to patients with high blood pressure can not only effectively relieve patients’ bad feelings, but also improve the patient's cognitive ability. Therefore it has certain application value and is worthy of clinical popularization and application.

In recent years, population aging speed is accelerating, which gradually increases prevalence of patients with high blood pressure. The clinical effective treatment and management of patients with high blood pressure are always the focus of particular concern in medicine [1]. Patients with high blood pressure are often accompanied by all sorts of bad moods, which have direct influence on patients’ life. At the same time, patients have poor cognitive ability. This research has a certain value through music therapy and information technology management to patients with high blood pressure. The overall report is as follows:

I. DATA AND METHODS

A. General information

There are 100 cases of patients with high blood pressure are treated in a hospital, and divide them randomly into control group and observation group. Among the 50 patients in control group, 30 cases are male and 20 cases are women. Their ages are between 42 to 79, and the average age is (53.6 ± 2.9). Among the 50 cases in observation group, 28 cases are men and 22 cases are women. Their ages are between 43 to 76, and the average age is (54.1 ± 1.9). Comparing and analyzing the general information of patients with high blood pressure in two groups, P > 0.05. There is no
statistical significance, and they are comparable.

B. Method

Apply routine nursing to the patients with high blood pressure in control group. Provide the patients with normal heart rate and blood pressure monitoring. Give the patients’ health education guidance and timely illustrate knowledge of blood pressure. Guide the patients to correctly use drugs, and analyze the name and effect of the drugs. Combined with diet adjustment, ensure that patients have a good work and rest habits and have stable blood pressure. Eliminate patients’ fears in a timely manner as far as possible and give patients educational propaganda on a regular basis, and hand out health brochures for free. Apply music therapy and information technology to observation group patients with high blood pressure on the basis of routine care. In patient's ward, install music system. Nursing managers operate it and provide slow and light music to timely relieve melancholy mood of the patients and ease the pain of the patients timely. The application of music therapy is once per day and each time lasts for 30 min. With the application of information technology management methods, take statistics about the basic condition of the patients, lifestyle and blood pressure check. Combined with basic management model of health management information platform, automatically upload the measured data. Send message alerts to patients' families. Once there is abnormal situation in the patient's blood pressure, send the message via telephone and the Internet in time to guide the healthy treatment of the patients. Compare and analyze bad emotions and cognitive ability of the patients with high blood pressure in two groups.

C. Evaluation standard

Evaluate patients’ bad mood in combination with anxiety self-assessment scale and depression self-rating scale. There are 20 SAS programs and 20 SDS projects. Use the method of 1 - 4 grade score, and the anxiety score is ≥50 points, and depression score is ≥53 points. Patients’ depression and anxiety levels have direct proportion relationships with the scores. Patients’ cognition evaluation adopts indexes like severe cognitive impairment, moderate cognitive impairment and mild cognitive impairment.

D. Statistical methods

Apply statistical software SPSS 18.0 for data analysis. Use t test for data measurement. Use X² test for counting data. P < 0.05. It means that there is statistical significance.

II. RESULTS

A. Compare anxiety depression score results of two groups’ high blood pressure patients

The comparison of anxiety depression score of patients with high blood pressure in two groups is shown in Table 1. The anxiety and depression scores results of patients with high blood pressure in observation group, compared to control group, is significantly lower. P < 0.05. It means there is statistical significance.

Table 1 The comparison of anxiety depression score of patients with high blood pressure in two groups

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Cases</th>
<th>SDS</th>
<th>SAS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Before treatment</td>
<td>After treatment</td>
<td>Before treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control group</td>
<td>50cases</td>
<td>55.7±4.9</td>
<td>51.7±2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Observation group</td>
<td>50cases</td>
<td>54.2±3.5</td>
<td>46.1±2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t</td>
<td>0.145</td>
<td>5.236</td>
<td>0.521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>&gt;0.05</td>
<td>&lt;0.05</td>
<td>&gt;0.05</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
B. Compare cognitive improvement status of the patients with high blood pressure in two groups

The comparison of cognitive improvement status of the patients with high blood pressure in two groups is shown in Table 2. Patients with mild cognitive impairment in observation group gradually increases from 20% to 60%. 20% of the control group in patients with mild cognitive impairment have before rising to 32%, the cognitive situation improvement of patients with high blood pressure in observation group, compared to control group, is significantly better. \( P < 0.05 \), which means there is statistical significance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Cases</th>
<th>Before treatment</th>
<th>After treatment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Control group</td>
<td>50cases</td>
<td>22cases (44%) *</td>
<td>18cases (36%) *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>18cases (36%) **</td>
<td>16cases (32%) **</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Observation group</td>
<td>50cases</td>
<td>20cases (40%)</td>
<td>10cases (20%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10cases (20%)</td>
<td>30cases (60%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: compare * and **, \( P < 0.05 \); * compare with observation group, \( P > 0.05 \);

C. The comparison of blood pressure assess results of patients with high blood pressure in two groups

The comparison of blood pressure assess results of patients with high blood pressure in two groups is shown in Table 3. The comparison of blood pressure assess results of patients with high blood pressure in two groups before treatment shows \( P > 0.05 \), so there is no statistical significance. The comparison of blood pressure assesses results of patients with high blood pressure in two groups after treatment shows that observer group is better. \( P < 0.05 \), so there is statistical significance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Cases</th>
<th>Before treatment</th>
<th>After treatment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Control group</td>
<td>50cases</td>
<td>147.25±5.23</td>
<td>134.52±7.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Observation group</td>
<td>50cases</td>
<td>148.85±7.04</td>
<td>122.54±4.59</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: compare \( t \) and \( P \); \( t \) compare with observation group, \( P > 0.05 \); 

III. DISCUSSION

High blood pressure, a kind of chronic disease, has longer treatment time and complex treatment process, so patients have great psychological burden in treatment process. Zhou Bi [2] stated that patient's clinical treatment need effective nursing treatment to timely adjust patients’ bad moods and ensure constant patients recover in *The impact of Music Treatment on Pregnancy-induced Hypertension and Anxiety State*. Zhang Luying [3] argued that, in clinical treatment of patients with
high blood pressure, there is the need to adjust the routine of life of patients timely and keep stable blood pressure of patients. Zhou Bi [4] thought that the application of music therapy in patients with high blood pressure need to make sure that patients have clever and cheerful rhythm to timely adjust patients negative emotions and relieve patients' pain. Wu Lifang [5] and others thought that we should regularly monitor patients’ heart rate and blood pressure and make health education guidance for patients. Timely illustrate high blood pressure knowledge and guide the patients to correctly use drugs. The drug name and effect should be analyzed. Song Yongquan [6] thought that high blood pressure patients need to make diet adjustment and ensure that patients have good sleep habits. Guarantee that patients have stable blood pressure and eliminate their fears in a timely manner as far as possible. Make educational propaganda to patients on a regular basis and hand out healthy brochures for free. Zhang Xiangyun [7] installed music system in patient's ward. The nursing managers operated it and provided slow and light music to timely relieve melancholy mood of the patients. Ease the pain of the patients timely. The application of music therapy is once per day and each time is for 30 min. Lei Xiaohong [8] combined information technology management methods. Based on the inspection situation of basic situation, life style and blood pressure of patients combine with basic management model of health management information platform and automatically upload the measured data. Send message alerts to patients' families. Once the blood pressure of patients is abnormal, timely inform the families via telephone and the Internet.

This research studies patients with high blood pressure by applying music therapy and information technology management, and the results show that anxiety and depression scores of patients with high blood pressure in observation group, compared to that of control group, is significantly lower. P < 0.05, so there is statistically significant; the cognitive situation of patients with high blood pressure in observation group, compared to that of control group, is significantly better. P < 0.05, so there is statistical significance. Compare blood pressure assessment result of patients with high blood pressure in two groups before the treatment. P > 0.05, so there is no statistical significance. Compare blood pressure assessment result of patients with high blood pressure in two groups after the treatment. Observer group is better. P < 0.05, so there is statistical significance. It is visible that the application of music therapy and information technology to patients with high blood pressure can not only effectively relieve patients’ bad feelings, but also improve patient's cognitive ability. The research results are mostly according to what reported in related literature [9-10]. This study not only carefully analyzes many years clinical experience, but analyzes the actual situation in our hospital at the same time. The study deficiencies still need improvement.

In all, the application of music therapy and information technology to patients with high blood pressure can not only effectively relieve patients’ bad feelings, but also improve patient's cognitive ability. It has certain application value and is worthy of clinical popularization and application.

**REFERENCE**


