Relationship of Marxism in China and Chinese Traditional Culture

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Abstract. Study of marxism in china and Chinese traditional culture, the relationship between further summarizes the regularity of marxism in china from the perspective of culture, to promote the historical process of marxism in china, has important theoretical significance and practical significance. Theoretical achievements of marxism in china and Chinese traditional culture, on the basis of the content and characteristics of the two relations summed up in six aspects: the outstanding traditional culture to promote the marxism in china, marxism contributed to the construction of a new pattern of Chinese culture, marxism led to the development of Chinese traditional culture, formed the unique culture of the marxism in china marxism in china is the requirement of the modernization of the traditional culture, Chinese traditional culture and the harmonious development of marxism.

Introduction

Marxism is about the theory of the proletariat and the complete liberation of humanity around the world, by the marxism philosophy, marxism political economics and scientific socialism of three most, Marx and Engels in critically inherit and absorb the human on natural science, thinking science and social science on the basis of outstanding achievements in the 1840 s, and in practice constantly enrich and develop and perfect scientific system of the proletariat thought. Marxism is the product of western civilization, thinking mode and theoretical characteristics and the inherent mode of thinking of Chinese traditional culture and the theory of characteristic differences. Only to make cultural transformation of marxism, the theory with Chinese characteristics and national style, make it into the Chinese culture and become an organic part of Chinese culture, to become the culture of the marxism in china, can be accepted by the people of China. Marxism is the process of marxism and Chinese traditional cultural exchange, conflict, fusion and development process. In the process, Chinese traditional culture provides the marxism thought of soil and national form, at the same time, marxism to modernize the traditional Chinese culture produced change. Interaction between marxism and Chinese traditional culture, and continuous development. Study of marxism and Chinese traditional culture, the relationship between further summarizes the regularity of marxism in china from the perspective of culture, to promote the historical process of marxism in china, has important theoretical significance and practical significance.

Scientific Connotation of Marxism in China

Using the process of marxism should be based on the actual conditions of China, the conclusion of marxism cannot be mechanically and foreign experience, and should be the basic stand, viewpoint and method of marxism, specifically studies the history and status quo of China, specifically analyze and solve practical problems in China. Not only that, but can't stay on the conclusions of the existing system of marxism, must be in constantly summarizes the experiences of the practical work of theoretical, thus draws the marxist books there is no new conclusions and new ideas, theory of marxism to a new height [1,2]. Therefore, the basic meaning of marxism mainly includes the following three aspects:

(1) Use marxism to solve practical problems of the Chinese revolution, construction and reform. By reciting general principles of marxism-leninism and copying foreign experience, can't solve practical problems. In China's socialist construction and reform, cannot take marxism as a dogma,
more can't copy others' experience. Must be closely combined with China's national conditions and time conditions, to find a suitable real revolutionary way and strategy in China. Apply marxism in the struggle of China's specific environment, shape of marxism in China, with "concrete" marxism to guide China's concrete action.

(2) The Chinese revolution, construction and reform practice experience and the historical experience promoted to theory. Marxism is a theory that marxism should also is a kind of theory. Marxism, therefore, is in the full absorption of marxism on the basis of the core and the key content, into the practice of Chinese revolution, construction and reform experience, make its further theoretical. China's revolution and construction, will produce many of the original experience, based on the experience summary and refining, will create new theory, enrich and develop marxism.

(3) The marxism is rooted in the Chinese excellent culture. This is MAO zedong emphasized to make marxism "and ethnic characteristics, combining after a certain national form. Marxism was introduced into China as a foreign culture, is the Chinese people are widely accepted and play a guiding role in practice, the Chinese people must find a can understand and accept national form. The basic principle of marxism combining with Chinese traditional culture, serious clean-up of Chinese traditional culture, and using traditional culture construct to shed light on the basic principles of marxism.

Theoretical Results of Marxism in China

Marxism is a process that is combined with the practice of the Chinese marxism to form new theory, the process of the new theory is the theoretical achievements of marxism in china. The Chinese communist party in leading the Chinese revolution, construction and reform practice for a long time, has realized the combination of marxism with China's actual two historic leaps, has produced two great theoretical achievements. First leap is theoretical achievements of MAO zedong thought, is proved by practice of Chinese revolution and construction of the correct theory principle and experience; Theoretical results of the second leap is a system of theories of socialism with Chinese characteristics, including deng xiaoping theory and "three represents" important thought and the scientific outlook on development and other major strategic thoughts, is the latest achievements in adapting marxism to Chinese. Theoretical results summarized as shown in Table 1.
Table 1. Theoretical results of Marxism in China

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result name</th>
<th>Objective situation</th>
<th>Main contribution</th>
<th>Main content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mao Zedong thought</td>
<td>Marx and the Chinese revolution, the product of combination of Chinese construction practice</td>
<td>On the correct theoretical principles and experience of the Chinese revolution and construction, and guide the Chinese revolution and construction to achieve victory</td>
<td>Seek truth from facts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deng Xiaoping theory</td>
<td>Marx doctrine and the product of the combination of contemporary Chinese practice and the characteristics of the times</td>
<td>Systematically answer a series of questions about how to build, consolidate and develop socialism in China, put forward the construction of socialism with Chinese characteristics</td>
<td>What is socialism, how to build socialism</td>
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<tr>
<td>Important thought of &quot;three represents&quot;</td>
<td>Is the latest achievement of the development of Marxism in China, which is the Marx doctrine for the twenty-first century</td>
<td>Creativity answer the question of what kind of party, how to build the party, deepen the understanding of socialism with Chinese characteristics</td>
<td>The party for the public, ruling for the people</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scientific development concept</td>
<td>Is the inheritance and development of the important thought of the three generation of the Central Leader Committee</td>
<td>Is the concentrated expression of the world outlook and methodology on development of Marx's theory, further clarify the new century to develop, why the development and development and other major issues in China.</td>
<td>People-oriented, overall coordination and sustainable development, overall planning</td>
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Content and Features of Chinese Traditional Culture

Chinese traditional culture is a reflection of the Chinese civilization evolution and to assemble national characteristics and style of the national culture, is the national history of ideological culture, ideology of the overall characterization, refers to living in China region of the Chinese nation and their ancestors have created, for the development of the Chinese nation has inherited from generation to generation, has the distinct national characteristics, has a long history, and profound connotation, excellent traditional culture. In simple terms, is represented by different cultural forms of the floorboard of the various national civilization, customs, spirit [3]. Contains the content of the Chinese traditional culture is shown in Fig. 1.
Rich variety of traditional culture, the center position in Confucian ethics as the core, a young good or evil and true unifies, the culture to cultivate politics-oriented culture for the purpose of ethics. If the western culture as "intellectual culture", so Chinese culture can be referred to as the "moral culture", is a kind of culture, unity, and good for the regent, is a national, unique and characteristic of ethical value orientation. Chinese traditional ethical political thought, not only determines the cultural character of Chinese ancient people, and determine the national characteristics of Chinese traditional culture. In addition to ethical politics-oriented culture the general characteristics, the Chinese traditional culture also has the following features:

1. Passed from generation to generation. Chinese traditional culture is only in the short history of some period of time is interrupted, overall is spread from generation to generation, will continue to inheritance. Whether natural heritage, or choose inheritance, as time goes on, never stop. Education inheritance belongs to choose inheritance, that is, the best part of the inheritance, has a permanent inheritance.

2. The ethnic characteristics. Culture in the development of thousands of years China has experienced a multi-ethnic mixed development, taking the han nationality culture as the main body, the central plains culture as the core of Chinese traditional culture, gradually merged other ethnic culture and regional culture around, reflect national characteristics and style of the national culture, is the national history of ideological culture, ideology of the overall characterization.

3. Have a long historical standing. In the world's four major ancient civilizations, the Chinese traditional culture is the only continuation of the longest, uninterrupted culture system. Dynasty into civilized society, the Chinese nation has undergone dynasties, traditional culture handed down from generation to generation, enduring, it shows the vitality of Chinese traditional culture has and strain capacity.

4. The extensive and profound. Chinese traditional culture in the long-term historical development process, the absorption, integration, innovation of all nationalities in Chinese and foreign excellent culture of genes, in the long river of history to get full, rich, development and innovation. From the breadth, rich and colorful, generous and broad; Speaking from the depth, unfathomable and deep thinking.
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Marxism is the process of marxism and Chinese traditional cultural exchange, conflict, fusion and development process. In the process, Chinese traditional culture provides the marxism thought of soil and national form, at the same time, marxism has realized the modernization of Chinese traditional culture change. Interaction between marxism and Chinese traditional culture and development. The relationship between the expression as follows [4-7]:

(1) The outstanding traditional culture to promote the marxism in china. Marxism can take root and blossom in China, has formed, including MAO zedong thought and theory system of socialism with Chinese characteristics, the marxism in china, one important reason is that absorb the excellent nutrients in traditional Chinese culture. The value of Chinese traditional culture, psychology, and methods and the theory of marxism, correspondence between the value and the methods of factor, both in China and open the channel on the basis of revolutionary practice, of the national fusion, in the reform and development of China's social reality on the basis of the interaction of modernity. The traditional concept of social ideal to enhance the identity of "communism"; The traditional idea of "governing" promoted the idea of "seeking truth from facts" form; The traditional "national spirit" is the marxism cultural support; The traditional idea of "people-oriented" to promote the formation of the mass line. The traditional "macmillan" is the guarantee of practice of marxism. The Chinese people in to accept marxism theory has a good culture and the humanities environment, can better to promote the practice of marxism in china.

(2) The marxism contributed to the construction of a new pattern of Chinese culture. Produced in the process of marxism in china, "means ocean for convenient, critical inheritance, comprehensive creation" of the new culture pattern, the universal truth of marxism and socialism under the guidance of the principle, on the basis of compatible with an open mind, attitude, for the ancient and modern, Chinese and foreign cultural elements and the system structure, scientific analysis and prudent selection, based on the actual needs of China's socialist modernization construction, carry forward the national subject consciousness, after dialectical comprehensive, to create a both national characteristics, and fully embody the spirit of the age of highly developed socialist new China culture. The comprehensive needs creative spirit, is a comprehensive, creative and the comprehensive and lay a foundation for new creation. Socialist culture is a new creation, and many valuable results of culture of the new synthesis. Only under the guidance of marxism, making scientific analysis to the culture of the west and the predecessors' theory, enrich and develop marxist cultural theory. Also only in under the guidance of marxism, to the west and the cultural theory of achievement to make scientific analysis, in order to accelerate the construction of a new pattern of Chinese culture.

(3) The marxism in china for the development of the Chinese traditional culture. System of theories of socialism with Chinese characteristics is the latest theoretical achievements in adapting marxism, socialism with Chinese characteristics to realize the theoretical innovation and practical innovation, the thinking line of seeking truth from facts, to grasp the essence of the socialism, the socialist construction with Chinese characteristics into the stage; Construction of "two civilizations" opens the transformation of Chinese traditional culture in the new period, in the construction of highly material civilization at the same time, improve the scientific and cultural level of the whole nation, the construction height of socialist spiritual civilization; "The three represents" important thought is a basic requirement of contemporary Chinese cultural construction, is one of the important guidelines, strengthen party construction and to strengthen the construction of socialist spiritual civilization is an important guidelines; Development of socialist culture with Chinese characteristics guided by the scientific concept of development. Carry forward the essence of traditional culture, in order to keep pace with The Times the idea of strict requirements, widen our sight and actively explore, bold innovation, to create a variety of development mode, will be fully embodied the era characteristics of harmonious development. "Three advocates" is the latest led to set up socialist core values, "three advocated" not only is the embodiment of the socialist core values, but also the guide of the socialist core values.
(4) To form the unique culture of the marxism in china. Is one of the tasks of the sinicization of marxist use marxist stance to comprehensive summary of Chinese traditional culture, the excellent part of Chinese traditional culture and marxism, to create a culture of marxism in china. Including the new-democratic culture and socialist culture with Chinese characteristics. New democratic culture is a national, scientific and popular culture, is the anti-imperialist and anti-feudal culture of the broad masses of the people. New-democratic culture platform embodies the cultural orientation of the communist party of China in the new democratic revolution stage, embodies the marxism in china to create the positive role of China's new culture; Cultural construction of socialism with Chinese characteristics, is guided by the marxism, to foster have ideal, morality, culture and discipline of citizens as the goal, development oriented to modernization, the world and the future of socialist culture .Efforts to improve the ideological and moral qualities of the whole nation and education, scientific and cultural level, insist on serving the people and serve for socialist direction and the principle of flowers, schools of thought contend. Construction based on Chinese reality, inherit the historical and cultural tradition, absorb foreign culture and beneficial results of socialist spiritual civilization.

(5) The marxism in china is the requirement of the modernization of the traditional culture. Want to turn the advanced nature of marxism itself to promote real power, the modernization of Chinese culture must focus on the development of China's modernization, adhere to the combination of marxism and Chinese reality, and the integration of Chinese national culture, promote the marxism in china.First of all, marxism must keep vigor and vitality, always become the guiding ideology, the modernization of Chinese culture must be combined with China's actual, this is a marxist theoretical characteristics and practical for the construction of Chinese culture. Second, marxism to keep vigor and vitality, always become the guiding ideology, the modernization of Chinese culture and the integration of China's national culture. This is the nationality of culture and era, the inevitable requirement of the law of the unity of inheritance and innovation. The modern transformation of Chinese culture, neither is the simple regression to traditional culture, also can't be a disguised transplantation of western culture, can only be guided by the marxism in fully absorb and inherit the excellent cultural achievements at all times and in all countries on the basis of the vivid and rich in the practice of China's modernization to create a new culture.

(6) The harmonious development of Chinese traditional culture and marxism. Culture is the crystallization of human labor and wisdom, artificially to it as something opposing system, is to accentuate the contradiction and conflict between the two cultures. Ignore the dialogue between different cultures and blend, is generated in a certain historical period of cultural bias, this bias has become an obstacle that baffles the development of human civilization. The world each nationality culture, has both personality and commonality. Marxism and Chinese traditional culture while result in different times and social basis, but are the crystallization of human wisdom. From the content point of view, the social nature of marxist theory, revolutionary and practical and the basic spirit of Chinese traditional culture is the same; In essence, the marxist theory is critical, revolution theory, Chinese traditional culture also to study social problems as the center of gravity, although there is a certain historical limitations of Chinese traditional culture, but also follow the development and the step; From the thoughts on the view, marxism and Chinese traditional culture have openness and originality. The sinicization of marxist philosophy and political ideas, are saturated with the essence of traditional culture. Process of marxism in china, also is critical for China's traditional culture, the process of creating, the transformation.

**Conclusion**

The marxism in china is to use marxism to solve China's problems, and make China's rich practical experience to a theory, and combining with the Chinese history and Chinese excellent traditional culture, Chinese marxism constantly endowed with distinctive practical characteristics, ethnic characteristics and times features. By marxism and Chinese traditional cultural study of the relationship between enlightenment is: first, adhere to the practice of the first point of view, and is good at making theory to the living experience of the summary, is good at using theory to guide the
new practice of innovation, innovation to the practice of marxism of contemporary China distinct characteristics; Second, based on China's national conditions, pay attention to learn wisdom and nutrients from the Chinese traditional culture, constantly give marxism of contemporary China distinct national characteristics; Three is to inheriting and developing marxism new ideas, in-depth study to answer important practical problems in the reform and development, constantly give marxism of contemporary China distinct characteristics of The Times; Four is that will carry forward the Chinese national culture and develop marxism, if only pay attention to the guiding role of marxism, neglecting to grasp the essence of traditional culture, marxism is lack of the foundation soil root in China. Too much emphasis on for the understanding of the traditional culture essence, the developing direction of traditional culture will be combined with the development of the orbital motion. Therefore, must adhere to the guidance of marxism at the same time grasp the essence of Chinese traditional culture.

References


