Research about the Efficacy of Incubated Enterprises Business Network on the Enterprise Performance

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Abstract—Entrepreneurship is increasingly becoming one of the driving forces of regional economic development, and incubated enterprises, as a special type of start-ups, is also playing an important role in the regional economy. In this paper, we take the incubated enterprise business network as our research object, and we describe the business network from the size, strength and heterogeneity three angles. We explore the relationship between business networks and enterprise performance through the empirical research, and we found that the network size, network strength and network heterogeneity of incubated enterprise business network has a significant positive impact on the business performance. In the end, we put forward several suggestions for the further development of the incubated enterprises.

Keywords— Incubated Enterprises; Business Networking; Enterprise Performance

I. INTRODUCTION

Entrepreneurship is becoming one of the driving forces of the regional economic development. And it is difficult to ensure the start-ups have a good development because of the “new”, “small”, “instability” and other defects. The incubators provide a good foundation for the new ventures. From the resource-based view, the incubators also provide a good platform for business network of incubated enterprise. On the one hand, business network provide a stable commercial resources for the incubated enterprise, which promotes the development and progress of incubated enterprise. On the other hand, business network also help the entrepreneurs change the status from “hero in the bush” to “successful entrepreneur”. In this paper, we focus on the incubated enterprise, a special type of start-ups, study the business network from the network size, network strength and network heterogeneity three dimensions and explore the relationship between the incubated enterprise business network and enterprise performance, in order to enrich the related research about incubation theory and entrepreneurship theory.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The concept of “incubator” in the economic field was first used by the American scholar Joseph Mancuso, and he founded the word’s first incubator named Bette Via industrial center. With the development of the concept and operation of incubator, incubators make a great contribution to the development and progress of global high-tech industry, and they improve the effectiveness of regional innovation and entrepreneurship activities. In China, the first incubator was founded in Wuhan, 1987, and now, the incubator play an important role in regional development. With the development and improvement of incubators, the incubation network has become the mainstream. Incubation network can give full play to the social newwork relationship, scale economies and scope economies and many other advantages. Incubated enterprise, as the clients of incubator, can get a variety of resources from the incubator, including the cheap space, cheap rent, management, policies, information, culture and brand and so on. This is the big difference between the incubated enterprises and start-ups in general. The incubated enterprise could enjoy more resources on the basis of the “location advantages”. Moreover, the incubated enterprises must be the high-tech start-ups, the government document has a clear provision. And there are relative extensive research about the enterprise performance, and most of the study are describe the performance from the profitability, growth and innovation.

The research about the relationship between incubated enterprise business network and enterprise performance has make a preliminary results. Through the investigation and research of 137 start-ups in the aviation technical field, Lee and Lee (2001) found that business network has some significan positive impact on the performance [1]. The research from Zheng Muqiang and Xu Zongling (2009) has proved that the outside business network has a positive effect on its technology innovation, and then impact the performance. Zhao Wenhong, Sun Wanying and Wang Yao (2013). using the data from 154
companies in the Xi'an High-tech Industrial Development Zone and taking the contact frequency as the metrics of network, tested and verified that the personal network and business network of entrepreneurs also impact the venture performance.

The existing research studies provide a good theoretical framework for our study. And in this paper, we focus on the incubated enterprises, a special type of start-ups, and study the business network from the network size, network strength and network heterogeneity three dimensions and explore the relationship between the incubated enterprise business network and enterprise performance, in order to enrich the related research about incubation theory, social network theory and entrepreneurship theory.

The following picture shows the research framework of this paper.

![FIGURE.1  RESEARCH FRAMEWORK](image)

### III. HYPOTHESES

The business network can not only provide the necessary for companies, but also strengthen the communication and interaction between enterprises, and promote the development of enterprises. This paper focus on the business network of incubated enterprises, study the business network from the network size, network strength and network heterogeneity three dimensions, and explore the relationship between the incubated enterprise business network and enterprise performance. Taking the relevant research of the entrepreneurial performance, the measurement of enterprise performance contains three parts, the profitability performance, growth performance, and innovation performance.

1. **H1:** the network size of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on business performance.

   - **H1a:** the network size of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on the profitability performance.
   - **H1b:** the network size of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on the growth performance.
   - **H1c:** the network size of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on innovation performance.

2. **H2:** the network strength of incubated enterprises business network reflects the frequency among the network members, on the different research perspective, the conclusions about relationship between the network strength and enterprise performance are different.

   - On the one hand, Burt (2004) believed that the weak tie between networks could enrich the types of resources, which could help the companies grow. Nooteboom (2004) drew a conclusion that the weak link is more helpful for the development of enterprises. Nooteboom (2004) drew a conclusion that the weak link is more helpful for the development of enterprises.

   - On the other hand, Krackhardt (1992) argued that the higher the network strength was, the closer the members connected, and the better performance the enterprises would receive. The research from Lavie (2007) was also shown that there was a positive relationship between network strength and firm performance.

   - Zhao Di (2009) also believed that the stronger the network strength is, the more ability the company could enjoy to get resources and knowledge, which would promote the company.

   - In this paper, we tend to the latter view, and we think that the stronger the network strength is, the better performance the incubated enterprises can receive. So, we put forward the following assumptions:

   - **H2a:** the network strength of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on business performance.
   - **H2b:** the network strength of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on the profitability performance.
   - **H2c:** the network strength of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on the growth performance.

3. **H3:** different from the network size and network strength, the network heterogeneity describe the types of business partners
and the degree of difference among the resources. Johannisson et al (2001) found that the different types of network partners had a significant impact on the corporate profit margins [8]. And scholars also pointed that the heterogeneity of resources could provide more opportunities for the company to combine the elements and promote the technological innovation. In addition, Liao and Welsch (2000), using the National SME Database Research Group study data, found that network heterogeneity had a significant impact on the company growth willingness[9]. Wu Aiqi (2004) and Ma Gang (2005), using different samples, verified the network heterogeneity had a positive impact on its growth and development.

In summary, we make the following assumptions:

H3: the network heterogeneity of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on business performance.

H3a: the network heterogeneity of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on the profitability performance.

H3b: the network heterogeneity of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on the growth performance.

H3c: the network heterogeneity of incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on innovation performance.

IV. STUDY DESIGN AND EMPIRICAL ANALYSIS

A. Questionnaire Design And Variable Measurement

In this paper, we use field research to obtain data. The survey questionnaire mainly includes incubated enterprises business network and enterprise performance. Among them, with reference to the social network research, the measurement of business network was portrayed from the network size, network strength and network heterogeneity three dimensions, and the main contents include the number of business members, the frequency of commercial communication and the differences among the scale, the main business, technology and other aspects. And about the enterprise performance, taking the reference to the past research, were measured from the profitable performance, growth performance and innovative performance, and the main contents of measurements are market share, net income ratio, ROI, Sales growth rate, Net income growth rate, Market share growth rate, capital turnover rate, the number of patent applications, the number of new products, the speed of new product development and the proportion of new product output and so on. Moreover, we take the company age, number of employees and revenue as control variable, in order to ensure the validity of our research.

B. Sample Description and Analysis of Reliability and Validity

Through the field research of Dalian D-D Innovation Center, High-Tech Innovation Service Center and other national science and technology business incubators, we send out 252 questionnaires, and we received 179, among them, 168 questionnaires were effective. At the same time, we use the SPSS17.0 to verify the data. And we found both the reliability and validity passed the test. This showed that the reliability and validity were good, and we could do the following research. The test value was shown in table 1.

| Table 1: The Results of Reliability Test and Validity Test |
|------------------------|------------------|--------|
|                      | Variable       | Cronbach’s α | KMO |
|------------------------|------------------|--------|
| Business network       | Network size    | 0.908  | .862 |
|                        | Network strength| 0.902  |       |
|                        | Network heterogeneity | 0.884 |       |
| Enterprise performance | Profitability performance | 0.777 | .874 |
|                        | Growth performance | 0.899 |       |
|                        | Innovation performance | 0.776 |       |

C. The Discussions of Regression Analysis Results

In this paper, we take the network size, network strength and network heterogeneity as independent variables, and the profitability performance, growth performance and innovative performance as the dependent variables. We use the regression analysis to explore the relationship between incubated enterprise business network and firm performance. The results are shown in table 3, contain six models.

There are three comparison groups, and they are model1 and model2, model 3 and model 4, model 5 and model 6. From the results, we can see that, the R2 value all increased significantly. In the profitability performance regression analysis, the R2 value increased from 0.255 to 0.399; in the growth performance regression analysis, the value of R2 increased from 0.417 to 0.567; and in the innovation performance regression analysis, the value of R2 increased from 0.206 to 0.109. All of these indicated that the explanatory power of the models has been strengthened. Meanwhile, the value of F in the six models all reached significant level, which indicated the model fit well.

And the influence coefficient β between incubated enterprises business network size and profitability performance, growth performance and innovation performance were 0.216 (p<0.01), 0.218 (p<0.001), and 0.205 (p<0.01), all of them have reached a significant level. And this indicated that the incubated enterprises business network size has a significant positive influence on the entrepreneurial performance, and the assumption H1, H1a, H1b and H1c were verified.

And the influence coefficient β between network strength of incubated enterprises business network and profitability performance, growth performance and innovation performance were 0.251 (p<0.01), 0.246 (p<0.001) and 0.334 (p<0.001), all of them have reached a significant level. And this indicated that the incubated network strength of incubated enterprises business network has a significant positive influence on the entrepreneurial performance, and the assumption H2, H2a, H2b and H2c were verified.
At last, the influence coeffecient β between network heterogeneity of incubated enterprises business network and profitability performance, growth performance and innovation performance were 0.145 (p<0.05), 0.167 (p<0.01) and 0.182 (p<0.01) all of them have reached a significant level. And this indicated that the incubated network heterogeneity of incubated enterprises business network has a significant positive influence on the entrepreneurial performance, and the assumption H3, H3a, H3b and H3c were verified.

TABLE 2 RESULTS OF REGRESSION ANALYSIS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Profitability performance</th>
<th>Growth performance</th>
<th>Innovation performance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>model 1</td>
<td>model 2</td>
<td>model 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>company age</td>
<td>.403*</td>
<td>.341+</td>
<td>.090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>the number of employees</td>
<td>-.347+</td>
<td>-.484*</td>
<td>.261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>revenue</td>
<td>.434*</td>
<td>.350*</td>
<td>.312+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>network size</td>
<td>.216**</td>
<td>.218**</td>
<td>.216**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>network strength</td>
<td>.251**</td>
<td>.246**</td>
<td>.145*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>network heterogeneity</td>
<td>.145*</td>
<td>.167**</td>
<td>.145*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R²</td>
<td>.255</td>
<td>.399</td>
<td>.417</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted R²</td>
<td>.241</td>
<td>.377</td>
<td>.406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sig. F Change</td>
<td>.000</td>
<td>.000</td>
<td>.000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: *** indicates significant p <0.001, ** indicates significant p <0.01, * indicates significant p <0.05, + indicates significant p <0.1

V. CONCLUSION AND DISCUSSION

In this paper, we focus on the incubated enterprise, study the business network from the network size, network strength and network heterogeneity three dimensions, measure the enterprise performance from profitability performance, growth performance and innovation performance three sides, and we use an empirical study to explore the relationship between the incubated enterprise business network and enterprise performance. In the end, we get the following conclusion: the incubated enterprises business networks has a significant positive impact on enterprise performance. For the network size of incubated enterprises business networks, it has has a significant positive impact on the profitability performance, growth performance and innovation performance. For the network strength of incubated enterprises business networks, it also has has a significant positive impact on the profitability performance, growth performance and innovation performance. And for the network heterogeneity of incubated enterprises business networks, it has has a significant positive impact on the profitability performance, growth performance and innovation performance too. These conclusions are consistent with the previous research findings. At the same time, this paper provides an additional research about the relationship between the business network and enterprise performance, from the network size, network strength and network heterogeneous three dimensions.

For the incubated enterprises, the method of enlarging the network size, strengthening the network strength and enriching the species of network will improve the enterprise performance effectively. On the one hand, it expand the resources scale of the enterprises by enlarging the network size, on the other hand, strengthening the network strength can consolidate the relationship among the business members, and promote the sharing and circulation of knowledege, skills and resources and other necessary elements among the companies. Meanwhile, raising the network heterogeneity can bring more kinds of resources for companies to do innovation activities, and thus the development of the enterprises will be better.

It also should be noted that there are some shortcomings and limitations in this paper. In the future research, we could do a comparative study between the incubated enterprises and general start-ups, in order to find out the similarities and differences; moreover, the elements that have impact on the enterprise performance are multiple, and in the future, we could do a multidimensional exploring research in order to make a clearer comprehension of the business network and enterprise performance.

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