Characteristic of Sexual Violence to the Victims in Karawang Regency, Indonesia

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ABSTRACT. Children is the most beautiful grace from the one God that we must protect, but they are susceptible of being victims of sexual violence, lots factors cause of children to a victim of sexual violence. There are still high cases of sexual violence in Indonesia and 50% of them are sexual violence against children that occurs in their nearest environment such as at home and school, which should be the safest place for children. The data on cases of children sexual violence reported by the community to the Karawang Police in 2018 recorded 52 cases, on August 2019 there were 30 cases and if averaged in one week, one case was reported. The research objectives are to examine the social phenomenon of children sexual violence in Karawang Regency by analyzing the characteristics of a victim of sexual violence, factors that cause children becoming the victims of sexual violence and examining the anticipatory steps and solutions to overcome children sexual violence. The approach of its research is a qualitative method, namely a phenomenological studies were related to incidents of children sexual violence in Karawang Regency by exploring the characteristics of the perpetrators. The data were collected by interviews, observation and documentation study and Focus Group Discussion (FGD). The informants in the study were 21 people with the criteria of key informants, main informants and triangulation/ additional informants by using content analysis. The characteristics of children who are victims of sexual violence are more often found with introverted children, introverted personalities are shy, don't talk and this is what is often used by perpetrators of sexual violence and children victims of sexual violence experiencing traumatic behavior. Other factors that trigger the lack of parental supervision of children, uncontrolled sources of information and socio-cultural factors that are still taboo with early childhood sex education. It is expected to increase the participation of the police, Social Service, and stakeholders such as teachers to be able to supervise children at school.

Keywords: Child Characteristics, Sexual Violence.

1. INTRODUCTION

The children are mandated gift from God Almighty who must always be guarded because they are inherent in their dignity human rights that must be upheld. Children's human rights are the same rights as human rights for which protection is guaranteed in 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia. The consistency of the state in providing guarantees for children's rights can also be seen in the United Nations (UN) Convention on the Rights of the Child in 1990 through Presidential Decree Number 36 of 1990. Along with that, the issuance of Law Number 17 of 2016 concerning Stipulation of Government Regulations in Lieu of Law No. 1 of 2016 concerning the Second Amendment to law number 23 of 2002 concerning Child Protection into law (hereinafter referred to as the Child Protection Law) and act number 11, 2012 of the criminal justice children is a form of concrete patronage of the state to the rights of children. However in fact there are still many Indonesian children that experienced various issues such as neglect child exploitation of children for the benefit of commercial, discrimination against children and violence in children. [1], [2]

Sexual violence in children can occur not far from their own child, even the environment should be safe for children to the location of the sexual violence (parents / half the child rape sister of raping his sister). This position makes the child helpless in facing treatment that does not provide protection. Efforts to protect children is viewed as something must be implemented since in the womb up to 18 years old, because dotted refuse to the concept of child protection whole, thorough, and comprehensive, who laid down in accordance with non-discrimination obligations, interest is best for children, the right to life, survival, and development, and the prestige of opinion children. Relating to son who is a victim of violence sexual, according to Siswanto Sunarso "when happened with a crime, then the state is responsible for incorporate the needs of victim". [2], [4]1

Unicef (2014) 120 revealed that about million children around the world or more than 100 children have become the sexual abuse under the age 20 years. The Chairperson of the National Commission for the Protection of Indonesian Children (KPAI) said that in 2013 there were 925 cases of sexual abuse against children, starting with relatives, teachers, and friends.
In fact, in the last three years a number of 3500-3600 cases were handled by The Chairperson of the National Commission for the Protection of Indonesian Children. According to the data collected by the coordinating ministry for the welfare of the community from year 2010 until 2014 it was recorded 21.869.797 children sexual violence case, spread in 34 provinces, and 179 districts and city. As much as 42-58% of violations of children's rights, he said, there were sexual crimes against children. These cases were found frequently, although not directly. [5], [6]

Survey data (KPAI, 2013) states that cases of sexual violence against children mostly occur in three regions in Indonesia, namely Jakarta (DKI), Medan and the province of West Java. There were 2,792 cases of violations of children's rights since October 2013, even 1,424 cases of violence (52% of child sexual violence). The Center of Integrated Services the Protection of Women and Children (P2TP2A West Java), since 2012 his party has handled 56 cases of sexual violence against children and if 52 victims of Emon are added, then 108 children in West Java have become victims of sexual violence and sexual violence perpetrators children are usually people close to or known to the victim, even out of 56 cases handled by P2TP2A, the majority of the perpetrators were family members such as stepfather, biological father, siblings, and other close people. The Social Affairs Office of Karawang Regency assesses that cases of sexual violence in Karawang Regency are still high, this can be seen from the case of the 2013 handled LK3 organizations (Family Welfare Consultation Institution) which reached 25 cases which have not yet been resolved. Cases of sexual violence against children are still prone to occur in Karawang Regency, because sexual violence is prone to occur in children aged 3-15 years and 90% of them are committed by their closest people, most of whom are people they know. The results of a preliminary study at the Karawang Police (POLRES), there were 67 cases of child sexual violence reported from 2014, with the criteria for sexual violence in dating 47 cases, molestation/ obscenity as many as 20 cases, while from January ± April 2015 there were 16 cases, with criteria of intercourse 9 cases, molestation/ obscene 7 cases. Data on cases of sexual violence against children was reported by the community to the Karawang Police in 2018 recorded 52 cases, while until August 2019 there were 30 cases and if averaged in one week, one case was reported.[11]

Based on this data, the researcher wants to do study deeply about social phenomena on the sexual violence on child what occurs in Karawang Regency. The research objective was to study social phenomena in the form of sexual violence against children in Karawang Regency by exploring the characteristics of child victims of sexual violence, factors that cause children to become victims of sexual violence and examine anticipatory steps and solutions to overcome sexual violence against children.

2. RESEARCH METHOD

A method is a qualitative phenomenological study in order to study everything related to the incidence of sexual violence against children in terms of the characteristics of victims in Karawang Regency. The sampling technique uses purposive sampling technique, which is based on the characteristics or characteristics of the population that have been previously known. The research subjects were victims, perpetrators, parents of victims, witnesses, neighbors and supported by the police and forensic officers related to cases of sexual violence that reported cases of sexual violence to the Karawang Police from 2014 to May 2015. There were 21 people with the criteria of key informants, key informants, triangulation informants/ additional. Data were collected by interview, observation, documentation study and FGD. Data analysis uses content analysis.

3. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

All informants female sexual victim is a victim of violence, age and place of origin informants varies in karawang. The youngest informants 3,5 years old and the oldest 16 years old. Thus, it can be concluded that all informants the population is aged children who are under 18 years old when they got the sexual violence. Because many perpetrators think that being a child victim will make it safer and easier to trick the victim into doing what the perpetrator wants. While in the junior high school and high school grades more about promiscuity, juvenile delinquency which the perpetrator uses to deceive the victim and with more sophisticated motives so that the victim is willing to follow the perpetrator's wishes. The perpetrator takes the approach by making a relationship, such as dating, after dating the perpetrator commits trickery by asking the victim to show the prove of his love, so that the victim wants to follow the perpetrator's wishes and incidents of sexual violence in dating occur repeatedly by the same motives, modes and tricks, if the victim does not want to follow the perpetrator's wishes, the victim will be cut off and will not take responsibility if something happens.
The study, namely subjects, members of the family who was suffering parents how the period, there were 97). Measurements value in research the intelligence were conducted using WISC (Wechsler Intelligence for Children, with graphic test aimed at understanding someone personality in drawings). The following is the test performed to assess the personality of the informant: a) Seven informants of child victims of sexual violence tended to be quiet, obedient children and the researchers categorized them as having an introverted personality. b) Three informants of child victims of sexual violence were cheerful and active in activities and children who obeyed the researchers categorized them an extroverted children. Below the excerpt from a parent of a child victim of sexual violence as follow;

My son tended to be quiet before this incident, he was an obedient child, if he had a mistake, I scolded him, he never fought back, it's just that the incident he often hugged me like a scared person, I initially didn't feel there was any change with my child” (Informants.ZK).

The impact of trauma faced by children will have a long-term impact if not above and given psychological assistance, because victims of sexual violence will become perpetrators of sexual violence if not handled properly. The following is the test result of one of the children who were victims of sexual violence:

many emotional, traumatic and problems he faced. As a child at his age, it is a natural that he likes to fantasize, but the pressure outside of his family environment that he feels causes the emergence of obstacles in social relationships and the emergence of sexual fantasies” (Informants.ZA).

I once found that my child's underwear smelled bad and his genitals were scuffed, I just thought maybe the pants were too tight, causing scuffed” (Informants.ZA)

Based on the graphic test aimed at understanding someone personality in drawings, while the intelligence measurements can be concluded in the form of matrix:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Informan</th>
<th>Umur</th>
<th>Jenis Kelamin</th>
<th>Pendidikan</th>
<th>Pekerjaan</th>
<th>Keterangan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>K. ZA</td>
<td>7 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>Primary school</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>K.N</td>
<td>3.5 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>K.G</td>
<td>9 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>Primary school</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>K.ZK</td>
<td>6 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>Primary school</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>K.S</td>
<td>15 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>Junior high school</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>K.DN</td>
<td>16 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>High school</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>K.LL</td>
<td>6 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>Primary school</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>K.AC</td>
<td>6.5 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>Primary school</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>K.LB</td>
<td>6.5 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>Primary school</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>K.KL</td>
<td>4 years</td>
<td>women</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TABLE 1. Characteristic informants a victim of violence seksual on child

Based on the data mayoitas on it can be said of the population is aged less than a 12 year primary school female. This shows that the perpetrator prefers that the target victim is children who are easier to deceive with persuasion. The research conducted by Ardinata in 2019 with the results of the study, namely subjects with the age group <6 years as much as 16.7%, 6-12 years as much as 21.3%, ages 13-15 years as much as 28.3% and aged 16-18 years. as much as 33.5%. The subject of child abuse can occur in both women and men, where during the study period, there were 97 female subjects (56.0%), and 76 (43.9%) male subjects. So that the increase in cases of the teenagers shows the vulnerability of child abuse in children and the female has a greater tendency towards the incidence of child abuse than male.[1]

Characteristic personality of informants is important to see, results psychological on children as victims of sexual assault done by psychologist. And psychological measurements meant is associated with personality and intelligence children. To achieve a comprehensive picture of what happened in children. Measurement personality child than done by interviewing, using graphic tests that is one technique a projection used to understand someone personality in drawings, the judgment/measurement inteligensi conducted using WISC (Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children). Measurements value in research the intelligence used wisc was made by david wechsler (1974), the researcher interviewed with key informants personality before suffering parents how the sexual violence, the as follows: a) Seven informants of child victims of sexual violence tended to be quiet, obedient children and the researchers categorized them as having an introverted personality. b) Three informants of child victims of sexual violence were cheerful and active in activities and children who obeyed the researchers categorized them an extroverted children. Below the excerpt from a parent of a child victim of sexual violence as follow;

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TABLE 2. Matrik results personality the a victim of violence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Theme Personality Children</th>
<th>Analysis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inf 1 Are conflict feeling in her, is angry, peevish, traumatic</td>
<td>Personality child victims of sexual violence introvert having the character and the impact of the victims of sexual violence had traumatic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inf 2 Keep emotion, quiet traumatic and problems that she faces</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inf 3 Many keep emotion, quiet traumatic and problems that she faces</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inf 4 There is pressure from the outside it felt like to have, she had many the sort of she in her, there is anger, upset, traumatic, but circumstances she presses personally</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inf 5 Any impact the affecting g himself in strong, the incident is traumatic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inf 6 Have any experience less fun she feels but she covers up such a way for fear of being scolded by a figure a parent or teacher</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inf 7 Is external pressure it taste</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inf 8 There an effect past affecting, strong himself in the incident is traumatic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inf 9 The unpleasant treatment he felt, but he covered it in such a way from the adversity he faced</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inf 10 Keep, emotion n quite traumatic to events that had happened</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Results of in-depth interview, 2015

Based on the personality characteristics table on the victim son sexual assault having the character introvert and the impact of the victim son had traumatic. Palipa's research result in Yogyakarta states that the personal characteristics of victims who are usually classified as "difficult" children, like hyperactive, premature, retarded, the unwanted, or the stepson which girls who suffered sexual violence show a negative, self-concept. This is consistent with that research shows that the concept of teens who have experienced violence weight inflicting a wound generally negative. [9]

Sexual violence is not traumatic for the can, in line with the research lase Juitan (2018) in Nias district said the victims who suffered from sexual violence by the also which is not small, especially with regard to the physical health and psychological, physical fitness to relating to the sexual and reproductive health. Physical victims can also suffer from trauma, for example in rape cases, the victim's body should target violence that can be suffered from trauma or known as the genital trauma, namely the health and psychological victims sluggishness in the victim soul relating to the act of undesirable on himself. A psychological disorder also can take place in addition to trauma or stress, which also may be due to the victims being under control and causing fear [7].

Sexual violence against children can be defined as the relations or interaction between a child with a person who is older or a kid more reason or adult-like strangers, siblings, or parents in which children will be used as a satisfying object for sexual needs the prep. To this will use compulsion, threat, bribes, trickery, or pressure. Containing violence activities should involve sexual contact between the offender in the child. Such actions can including, exhibitionism or voyeurism like adults who watch a boy who was naked or to insist the children do or sexual activities a and the other the watch or record the sexual activities [8].

Of the graphics on the test the victim of violence for children to be supported by sexual triangulation sources I e from the parent, teachers, and school how personality after being the psychological state of the sexual violence in this kid. Of the triangulation done by the results of in-depth interviews can conclude as follows
The results of an in-depth interview, 2015 Based on the results of the measurement of personality results from others it can be concluded that children were having sexual violence experienced trauma deep and calls for a psychological therapy when not in deal with good it would impact the long term for the future of children. Rusyid research in line with the year 2020 declares a child sexual violence also at greater risk to experience a variety of behavior and mental health. Including the hurt yourself behavior including disorder as from anorexia, bulimia, and suicide, etc. Experiments consistently show that the sexual of which have encountered a victim of violence has various a mental disorder as of depressive symptoms, panic disorder, anxiety, and a nightmare and especially among the young. Next, person shame, compulsion to keep secret for the dial, at the victim and stigma which is attached to cause students to insulate themselves or struggle hard to do coping to keep functioned properly. Are increasingly frequent and the severity of the sexual violence suffered by the higher the risk to experience the negative impact an impairment of health mental. [10]

The trauma suffered by the victims must be conducted in rehabilitation psychology and must surely be the society and the state must make, sociological and psychological rehabilitation facilities psychological, alone is not enough, because even though he was fine psychologically label but to people that he was a victim of violence should be reconstruction sexual violence must obtain a space in communities with good. Blaming the victim happens in social rehabilitation and sociological do not forget.[3]

4. CONCLUSION

The sexual violence case in the trigger for children by the sexual disorientation in adults, characteristic of the sexual violence often occurred at the age of 12 years of age under the vulnerable, this occurs because of the lack of supervision of the parents, not impulses sources of information and the sociocultural still taboo with sex education at a young age.

Anticipatory measures can be implemented as an alternative solution to social phenomena in the form of sexual violence in children in Karawang with: counseling the judge, the approach to cross-sectors, rehabilitating casualties but was the root of the problem should be sought first. The role of parents is essential in this case to prevent, understanding of the character of a child can increase in the child. independence to enhance the role of Police, The Center of Integrated Services the protection of women and children, The National Population and Family Planning Programs, of the social woker, and stakeholders/ the stakeholders in dealing with sexual abuse in Karawang Regency.

REFERENCES


