Hospital Management System Analysis in Effort to Improve Service Quality by Using Structured Design Life Cycle Method

(A Case Study of Al-Mulk Regional Public Hospital in Sukabumi City)

Ari Yulianti*, Muhardi Muhardi
Economy and Business Faculty
Universitas Islam Bandung
Bandung, Indonesia
*ari.yulianti169@gmail.com

Abstract—The aim of this research is to analyse Hospital Management Information System (HMIS), and to analyse Structure Design Life Cycle (SDLC) method utilization in Al-Mulk Regional Public Hospital in Sukabumi City. The method utilized in this research is a descriptive qualitative method. The type of this research is a case study research, by using interview and observation. The samples of this research are 100 respondents, which are divided into 5 person of Al-Mulk Hospital Management Team and 95 outpatients. The sampling technique in this research is accidental sampling with SDLC as analysis tool. This research reveals that SDLC method is utilized to improve service quality of hospital information management system provision. Al-Mulk Regional Public Hospital information management system already integrated with every service unit so that this have affected patient service quality and deprive patient’s build-up in outpatient registration centre. The advantage of this research is the utilization of Structure Design Life Cycle method.

Keywords: hospital management, information system, structured design life cycle

I. INTRODUCTION

An integrated Hospital Management Information System (HMIS) is an important subsystem to optimize hospital service quality. The existence and functionality of HMIS would provide a great benefit towards every hospital user including patients, doctors, nurses, management, hospital partner, and the other stakeholders. Through HMIS, every transaction will be recorded, processed, and further utilized to in right service areas [1]. Collected data is further processed according to scientific rules so it would help decision makers to create the best decisions for the patients and hospital management. According to Nekoei-Moghadam and Amiresmaili [2], information system is one of hospital’s biggest needs to solve regular hospital problems such as unorganized patients’ data, mistakes in queue system, incomplete identity information, unclear medical prescription, etc. By utilizing information system, these problems can be minimized, and will further bring positive impacts towards hospital service quality as a whole.

There has been a development on management communication technology that is marked with the emergence of InterXway system. The system provides data connection between computers and networks that can be utilized in healthcare field, by providing standardized or non-standardized various data communication link, which is vital for clinical healthcare system [3].

The world of healthcare service has become more and more dynamic with the demand for high quality and quantity of information system. However, with the situation faced, slow improvement of hospital information technology, human resource inability to benefit information technology, software crisis, and the existence of user complains, have further question the current technology being used by hospital administration officers, customer service, engineers, and medical employees can really bring satisfaction towards every user. Based on that situation, to improve information system quality in healthcare, hospitals are building a better and more capable information system that would help hospital to produce a faster and more accurate medical service decisions [4].

Based on preliminary one-day-observation towards 15 patients that further estimated as 1-month data, there are at least 50 emergency patients and 110 outpatients don’t get the required services due to incomplete administration data, and queueing problems that pushes patients to look for another hospital. This situation is not in line with Indonesian Health Ministry Law number 129, year 2008 that oblige hospital to limit emergency unit queueing time to less than 5 minutes while in practice patients need to wait for at least 10 minutes, and maximum 60 minutes queueing time for outpatients while in reality the patients have to wait around 90 minutes.

Based on observation and interview on Al-Mulk Regional Public Hospital Director and employee, outpatients, inpatients, emergency unit, pharmacy, radiology, and laboratory units’ patients are still recorded with conventional ways or manually because their HMIS is not yet functional. For example, medical
Information system is one of hospital’s biggest needs to solve regular hospital problems such as unorganized patients’ data, mistakes in queue system, incomplete identity information, unclear medical prescription, etc. By utilizing information system, these problems can be minimized, and will further bring positive impacts towards hospital service quality as a whole [8].

Taiwan medical information has received international recognition. In the last few years, they possess the most advanced technological information than the ones found in any other countries. Besides that, a systematic development has been an inseparable part of their software development process. They have developed and improve their software product, and enhance their productivity and efficiency to avoid unnecessary risks during system development process [9].

SDLC or Life Cycle System as system engineering and software engineering, is a process to create and alter the system along with the utilized model and methodology to improve those systems. This concept is generally referring to computerized system or information [10].

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We have to conducted survey to assess information system development appropriateness in Al-Mulk Hospital. During this process, the scope of the project is measured to determine its availability towards every user, and also to determine problems and possibility of various obstacles and to create appropriate solutions. The result reveals that information system application is yet to be optimally utilized. The main obstacles to optimize information technology are the lack of facilities and infrastructures in every HMIS network due to limited development budget.

V. CONCLUSION

HMIS in Al-Mulk Hospital is a Khanza HMIS, which is an application with client-server mode operational model to store outpatients’ and inpatients’ medical records. This software is a freeware. Khanza HMIS is integrated with VClaim application and INACBGS for patients with BPJS. However, this server still faces various limitation including number of available devices.

The result and methods of the SDLC can improve the quality of services Al-Mulk Hospital. Customer satisfaction is an important key to improve the quality of service in each unit. Patients feel satisfied with the comfort in the hospital during treatment and recommend to others.

After applying SDLC method in Al-Mulk Hospital, the integration is getting better but still unable to integrate to every existing unit because of several obstacles such as limited
internet connection, limited budget to improve facilities and infrastructures.

By utilizing SDLC method, the result of the analysis shows that HMIS application to improve service quality in Al-Mulk Hospital is highly potential. It also has the potential to facilitate outpatients. SDLC system can result a high-quality system that can fulfill patients’ expectation by decreasing treatment time and provide cost estimation, especially for inpatients and outpatients.

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REFERENCES