A New Experiment Teaching Mode for Network Security & Law Enforcement Major to Meet the Need of New Engineering Talent Training

Zhijun Liu*
Information Technology Department
Hubei University of Police
Wuhan 430034, China
serahstear@163.com

Ning Wang
Hubei Provincial Collaborative Innovation Center for Digital Forensics and Trusted Application
Wuhan 430035, China
asembllyp@163.com

Abstract—The “New Engineering” is the direction of the engineering education reform based on the national strategic development and the new requirements for the cultivation of innovative talents. Experiment teaching is an important part of cultivating outstanding engineering and scientific talents with innovative and entrepreneur capabilities, and cross border integration capabilities. This paper selects the experiment teaching of network security & law enforcement major in police higher education as the study object, firstly analyzes the problems existing in the experiment teaching process, then proposes the design of the hierarchical practical skills training mode and the student-centered experiment teaching mode, and finally explores the application of the presented methods in experiment teaching and introduces the achieved results. The preliminary actualization of experiment teaching demonstrates that it can effectively consolidate the content of theoretical teaching, cultivate students’ practical ability and improve students’ innovative thinking.

Keywords—new engineering education; experiment teaching; police education; talent training; major construction

I. INTRODUCTION

To against the backdrops of the global “industry 4.0” technological revolution and China’s joining the Washington Accord agreement, china has outlined an initiative “New Engineering Education” to reform its engineering education at university level. China’s Ministry of Education successively issued three policy documents, namely “Fudan Consensus”, “Tianda Action” and “Beijing Compass”, which have been the guiding principle for the new engineering construction [1].

Developing the ability of engineering students is the key point of the new engineering construction. In order to train large numbers of innovative talents that meet the newest economic and industrial demands, many universities in China have established a number of new programs over the past year in line with one of the basic requirements of new engineering policy documents. In addition, a number of majors of the universities have adjusted their course groups to develop interdisciplinary courses and increase the interdisciplinary features of existing courses.

According to the “Measures for the establishment and management of the subject catalogue of academic degree-awarding and personnel training[2011]11)” issued by the academic degrees committee of the State Council and the Ministry of Education, public security technical discipline (0838) was classified as independent first-class discipline of engineering, which includes eight secondary disciplines, such as criminal science and technology major, the fire engineering major, safety engineering major, network security & law enforcement major, etc.[2].

In 2012, the network security & law enforcement major was set up according to "the Undergraduate Specialty Catalogue of Higher Institutions (2012)" by the Ministry of Education, which was added in public security technical discipline [3]. The network security & law enforcement major cultivates applied talents of maintaining the safety and order of network space security with high comprehensive quality, strong professional skills [4].

Experiment teaching is a key part of engineering teaching. With experiment teaching as an object of research, this paper explores the experiment teaching reform and student talent training of network security & law enforcement major in our college. The rest of this paper is organized as follows, in Section II, the authors introduce the research backgrounds and motivations. The design of experiment teaching mode reform of network security & law enforcement major is proposed in Section III. The experiment teaching implementations and conclusion are covered in Sections IV and V respectively.

II. BACKGROUND AND MOTIVATION

Approval of the Ministry of Education, from 2014 to today, the majority of the provincial police colleges and several political and law high schools were allowed to set up network security & law enforcement major and started to enroll students. Many police colleges and law high schools carried on beneficial explorations on the subject and major construction, teaching team construction, course construction, etc.[5-6]. This paper investigated the experiment teaching modes of several provincial police colleges which take the leading position in the field of the network security & law enforcement major teaching and scientific research. According to the demands for
cultivating talents with innovative application ability of the new engineering education, there exist some problems.

A. Difficult to Adapt to the Practice Requirements of the Academic Frontier and Interdisciplinary Subject

The contents of the experiment teaching put too much emphasis on the validating experiments of the courses and pay less attention to the designing and comprehensive experiments. For example, the network attack and defense, applied cryptography, electronic data forensics technology, as the main major courses in network security & law enforcement major, were mainly in classic experiments and had fewer extensive experiments. Furthermore, it also lacked the comprehensive experiments and creative experiments derived from several major courses integration. In addition, as a newly arisen and interdisciplinary major, the network security & law enforcement major involved with computer science, the science of public security, management, sociological law, etc., the interdisciplinary nature is the main characteristic of this major. But the experiment projects reflected interdisciplinary characteristics are not many, which is difficult to adapt to the practice requirements of the academic frontier and interdisciplinary subject.

B. Hard to Accomplish the Core Task of Talent Cultivation Against the Background of New Engineering

According to our survey, at present, the experiment teaching method is teacher-centered in most provincial police colleges. The experiment process and experiment material have been set in advance and the students’ experiment operations are in a purely mechanical manner, which will be a lack of gaining for independent thinking and self-innovation. For students, the fairly constant experiment content and experiment teaching method lead to a low level of motivation and interest in experiment courses. In addition, for some reason, few of the teachers have positive attitude towards the experiment teaching, development and practice of comprehensive and creative experiments done by the experiment teachers are not many, which will be hard to accomplish the core task of talent training against the background of the new engineering.

C. Hard to Achieve the Goal of Talents Training under the New Engineering Education

The new engineering education has proposed that the students’ innovative thinking, students’ innovative techniques and students' enterprise ability should be strengthened. Because of closer university-industry facilitating the quality of engineering education, university science parks, university-industry cooperative laboratories, university-affiliated state key laboratories, and internship bases have sprung up in recent years[7-8]. To our best knowledge, the network security & law enforcement major in most provincial police colleges have not yet applied systematic educational ideas of the innovation ideas and the innovation entrepreneurship to the talent training, the systematic experiment courses of innovative thinking and mature practical training platform are still inadequate.

III. DESIGN OF THE EXPERIMENT TEACHING MODE

Against the deficiency of the experiment teaching in existence, according to the principle of talent training under the new engineering education, we combine police college characteristics and major features, put forward and practice a new experiment teaching mode for network security & law enforcement major.

A. Hierarchical Practical Skills Training Mode

The experiment of teaching should consolidate the content of theoretical teaching and cultivate students' practicability of professional skills training by pertinently designing and arranging the experiment content close to the practice of public security work. In addition, it should emphasize the development of students' innovative thinking, the ability of problem resolving, collaboration &communicative ability, etc., The 4-4-3 experiment teaching mode is proposed as shown in Fig.1.

![Fig. 1. The experiment teaching mode](image)

For basic operation skills, the course experiments, mainly composed of verified experiments, were adopted for consolidating the content of theoretical teaching, cultivating students practical ability, all students in the course must attend the course experiments to grasp the experimental skills of the course. For example, in a database course, after studying the theoretical knowledge, the students must finish the course experiments, which include query operations of MIS, database recovery skill operations, etc.

The second-level experiment is comprehensive and designing experiment. The purpose is to widen students’ knowledge, train their ability to gain knowledge actively and solve problems, and get a deeper understanding of the theory. The experiment contents come from the different major courses’ integration, intercrossing and expansion. For example, database forensic experiments derive from the integration of database course, network criminal investigation course and digital forensics course. The experiment operations involve the criminal cases analysis, data extraction operations, standard operations of computer forensics, etc.

The innovative experiments aim at raising student's innovation ability. In recent years, the laboratory established in Henry Chang-Yu Lee’s name and the University Innovation and Student Start-up Base of the Hubei University of Police...
The student-centered experiment teaching mode includes the contents of three respects. Firstly, parts of verified and comprehensive experiments introduced the flip classroom teaching method to exert students' subjective initiative and anticipate more deeply in experiment teaching classroom activities. In the flip classroom teaching method, the corresponding experiment contents of the heavy difficulty are concentrated into 10 to 15 minutes of video, and then according to the problems and issues proposed by the teacher, the students participate in classroom discussion, debate, and questions in the experiment classroom teaching.

The second is to provide many experiment teaching resources outside of class and uses an exchange platform to create conditions for students to better grasp experiment contents. The second is to provide many experiment teaching resources outside of class and uses an exchange platform to create conditions for students to better grasp experiment contents, which include Micro class video of the experiment course, MOOCs + open laboratory, experiment teaching resource in the network, etc. The students should preview the contents beforehand, enter into the experiment classroom with problems, and study independently outside the classroom. In addition, the teacher adopts a combination model of online and offline, in-class experiments and after-class experiments for alleviating experiment teaching predicament with the limited hours and improving the experiment teaching results.

For the freshmen, to inspire students' innovative thinking, we set up the major-related general education courses, invited the police in the front line from practical police departments to give lectures, sponsored C language programming contest, etc. which would inspire the freshmen for a deeper understanding of the affinity between the basic knowledge and practical engineering projects.
Meanwhile, with the guidance of the course teachers and experimental teachers, the students were guided to actively and positively participate in some contests, such as national college student information security contest, national college student digital evidence forensics contest, “Meiya Cup” digital evidence forensics contest, etc.

For the juniors and the seniors, to improve the ability of science and technology innovation, the students were encouraged to apply to "college student innovation and entrepreneurship" projects. After getting the team together, the students generated ideas for their projects, designed and developed independently, exchanged achievements. In addition, with the strengthening of college-enterprise cooperation and college-police cooperation, the stable practice bases outside our college have been established, which has built a bridge between the basic theory and practice engineering application for the graduating senior students. For example, for the engineering fields such as forensic science and network security management, we have established internship bases with police bureaus across the province. Not only students are required to have 3-month internships at corresponding bases outside our college before they graduate, it is also a must for instructors to work in a cooperative police bureau station for at least six months.

B. Experiment Teaching Effects

Through the experiment teaching practice in recent years and the questionnaire survey of students, listening to the opinions and suggestions proposed by the police departments, also called employers, the following conclusions are tentatively drawn.

The comprehensive experiments and projects nearly connected with course contents, the method of the flipped classroom to exchange and discuss, etc., can consolidate the content of theoretical teaching, train the abilities to analyze problems deeply and refine scientific thoughts of students. Applying the diversified assessment methods of experiment examination, such as the process assessment method, can urge students to do experiments actively outside the classroom, therefore, the study efficiencies and self-study abilities of students are improved.

In recent years, more than 100 students won many individual awards around the school, city and nationwide, such as “C language programming” contest, “Henry Chang-Yu Lee’s work laboratory Cup” science and technology innovation contest, “Meiya Cup” digital evidence forensics contest, etc. Dozens of teams of students in the national academic competitions won numerous awards, such as national college student information security contest, national college student digital evidence forensics contest, the province-level internet + innovation contest, etc. More than 10 teams of students applied to the research projects commissioned by the provincial education department, such as the “University Innovation and Student Start-up Base” projects, etc., which have been formally approved. In the meanwhile, according to the feedback from the employers and the graduates' practice, most students have been affirmed and highly praised by them, which generally reflect the fast acceptability, comprehensive quality and creative ability of students are very high, and especially the students have a strong practical ability on cybercrime investigation and digital evidence forensics.

V. CONCLUSION

Currently the talents' knowledge structure and innovation capacity training divorce from industry demand, and the problems are common to all universities in China. As a newly arisen and interdisciplinary major, there inevitably exist some problems that need to be solved in the network security & law enforcement major development. This paper explores an experiment teaching mode for network security & law enforcement major under the new engineering education, after several years of experiment teaching implementation, it still has a bit of room for improvement, especially in the area of effectively enhancing interdisciplinary features of courses, upgrading the course system to increase practical experiences. Overall, however, the new experiment teaching mode for network security & law enforcement major will have a far-reaching effect on police education, an indispensable part of higher education.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This work is supported by the teaching reform project of Hubei University of Police (JYXM2019B11, JYXM2019B06, and JYXM2018A04), the project of humanities and social sciences, the Ministry of Education in China (17YJZCZ172). Finally, the authors would like to thank the anonymous reviewers for their time and valuable suggestions that contributed to the overall quality of this paper.

REFERENCES